Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 2. NO. 7643 — PORTLAND, OREGON, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1884 — EIGHT-PAGE EDITION.

...Y & Navigation Co.
...RAN DIVISION.
...AND | LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO
...Nov | Columbia, Wednesday, Nov. 5
...Nov | Queen | Monday | Nov. 10
...Nov | State | Saturday | Nov. 15
...Nov | Columbia | Thursday | Nov. 20
...Dec | Queen | Tuesday | Nov. 25
...Dec | State | Sunday | Nov. 30
...Dec | Columbia | Friday | Dec. 5
...o change steamers or sailing date.
...AM DIVISION
...s connecting with Atlantic Express ...rt Portland daily, at 11:40 A. M. ...assenger Trains run daily ... ...ping Cars.—Pullman Palace Drawing ...g Cars between Portland and St. Paul. ...ains leave East Portland at 8:45 A. M. ...P. M. daily. ...ssengers are run through to St. Paul ...between Huron Mountain and St. Paul ...riod on Express Trains.
...LUMBIA RIVER DIVISION. ...EXCEPT SUNDAY) ...land for Dalles at 7 A. M. ...ortland from Dalles at 5 P. M.
Mo | Tu. | Wed | Thu. | Fri. | Sat.
... AM | ... AM | ... AM | ... AM | 8 AM | 8 AM
... AM | | 7 AM | | | 7 AM
... AM | | 8 AM | | | ...
...UGE DIVISION, EAST SIDE. ...LAND and WEST SIDE. ...C. R. R. to Woodburn. ...Sexton leave Portland at 7:30 A. M. ...nesdays and Fridays. ...(via Lebanon Junction) leave Port... Monday Wednesday and Friday.
...WEST SIDE. ...TLAND SHERIDAN AND ATHLEN. ...O. & C. R. R. to Whites ...at 9 A. M. Returning, leaves Ath... ...P. M. ...nects on Narrow Gauge Division with ...forwards it by the O. & C. R. R. to ...sions, respectively. ...Rees or Frost and Day. ...A. L. STOKES. ...MAXWELL, Ticket Agent. ...F. & P. Agent.
...OVERLAND ROUTE.
...Pacific Railroad
...278 Miles.
...line to Chicago and all Points ...d the only line running ...ough trains between ...St Paul and Minneapolis.
...EMPHIS ...'HERN PACIFIC R.R. ...so ONLY Line Running ...er Trains, ...Palace Sleeping Cars, ...Dining Cars (meals 75c), ...nt Day Coaches, ...at Sleepers (free of charge) ...lington and Oregon Points ...o The East.
...AT YOUR TICKET READ ...ern Pacific R. R. and St Paul ...and Minneapolis ...reby avoid change of cars.
...ot 11:40 A. M. daily, arrive at Min... 12:25 P. M. fourth day ...at St. Paul and Minneapolis for ...th and to Boast. ...VICTO DIVISION ...:30 P. M. daily to P. M. arrive ...P. M. connecting with Coast Steamer ...t Sound ...ets, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul. ...TON, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Portland. ...No. Washington R.R., Portland.
...ND TO CALIFORNIA ...VIA ...& California R. R. ...nd Connections. ...een Portland and San Francisco ...ly 24 hours. Staging ...ns less $12 to Sacramento to $36
...7:30 A. M. daily (except Sunday), ...Francisco 6:40 P. M. third day ...nects at Ashland with stages of ...Oregon Stage Company.
...Y (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) ...ast Side Division ...DRTLAND AND ASHLAND. ...Mail Train. ARRIVE. ...30 A. M. Ashland 4:45 P. M. ...15 P. M. Portland 8:30 A. M. ...nday Express Train. ARRIVE. ...00 P. M. Leland 9:45 P. M. ...15 A. M. Portland 10:45 A. M. ...Sleeping Car leaves Portland Mon... ...Returning, leaves Ashland ...
...r train makes connection with all the ...ve Local Div from foot of ...
...ast Side Division ...ORTH AND CORVALLIS. ...Mail Train. ARRIVE. ...05 A. M. Corvallis 4:10 P. M. ...30 A. M. Portland 3:30 P. M. ...Express Train ARRIVE. ...00 P. M. McMinnville 8:00 P. M. ...15 A. M. Portland 9:30 A. M. ...ale and baggage checked to destination ...ffice, cor. Front and Second Streets, ...ional point in California can only be ...ing Check at company's office, ...d Front Sts., Portland, Or. ...be received for shipment after five ...ter the last of the Willamette Division. ...E. P. ROGERS, ...Gen'l P. & T. Agt. ...Gen'l Pass. Agent.
...DR. LIEBIG'S ...WONDERFUL ...German Invigorator. ...Men suffering from Disease and weakness brought on by early indiscretion or excesses, causing nervous debility premature decay, loss manhood, etc., have tried in vain every known remedy should immediately procure DR. LIEBIG'S IN... ...ck. ...will agree to forfeit $1000 for a case ...cured. The reason why so many fail... ...eakness and the above diseases is ...cation called PROSTATORRHŒA, ...ch requires special treatment. ...INVIGORATOR No. 2 under our ...reatment is the only possible cure ...RHŒA. ...CO. for the past nineteen years ...clusive specialty of the treatment of ...
...iron in the face if you become ...ook out for the complications that ...and loss of vitality known as Spermat... ...es of three have been lost sight of, ...their property and pleasure in life, ...DR. LIEBIG'S INVIGORATOR ...known remedy for the above ...fect and permanent cure will be ...ase taken under our guarantee. ...le circular sent free to patients. ...nfidential letter of the INVIGORATOR ...GIVEN FREE
...t CO.'S Private Dispensary, ...0 Geary st., San Francisco.
...JS DEBILITY!
...TREATMENT
...ES NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, ...ed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, ...ns, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, ...ous Prostration caused by the ...bacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, ...ng of the brain resulting in Insanity, ...ng to misery decay and death, Premature ...Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power, Impotency, ...Voluntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused ...over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent prepaid on receipt of price. ...CANTER, SEE BOXES. ...With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. ...Circular sent free on application. ...Sold by druggists generally. ...ARD, CLARK & CO., ...and Retail Druggists, ...TLAND, OREGON. ...all will receive prompt attention.
...THIS GREAT ...STRENGTHENING ...REMEDY, ...and NERVE TONIC ...
...CURES WITH UNFAILING ...CERTAINTY, Nervous and ...Physical Debility, Loss of Vitality, Seminal Weakness, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache caused by the use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, Premature Decay, Wasting Diseases, and all the train of evils consequent upon self-abuse or over-indulgence. ...PROPRIETORS ...THE ELECTRIC MEDICINE CO. ...CINCINNATI, O. ...For sale by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada. ...PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. ...Six bottles for $5.00. ...Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price. ...Pamphlet free. ...Address all orders to ...THE ELECTRIC MEDICINE CO., ...CINCINNATI, O.
...R. C. WEBB'S ...TREATMENT
...ES NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, ...ed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, ...ns, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, ...ous Prostration caused by the ...bacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, ...ng of the brain resulting in Insanity, ...ng to misery decay and death, Premature ...Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power, Impotency, ...Voluntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused ...over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent prepaid on receipt of price. ...CANTER, SEE BOXES. ...With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. ...Circular sent free on application. ...Sold by druggists generally. ...ARD, CLARK & CO., ...and Retail Druggists, ...TLAND, OREGON. ...all will receive prompt attention.
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F. E. BEACH & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Doors, Windows, Blinds,
AND DEALERS IN
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
AND
GENERAL BUILDERS' MATERIALS.
Prices Low and Orders Solicited. Correspondence
FOR FRONT ST., P. O. ...

...AND SUPPLIES MADE BY ...P. Ball Co. Cor. ...Albany, Range with Hot ...Attachment for Burning ...Wood. Both Parties of ...quality and part of ...proved DEFLECTION GRATE. ...Wood. Send for Circular. ...Have 3 sizes in Stock.
KIRK, SHELDON, Agents, Portland.

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OFFICE 30 NORTH FRONT ST.,
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FIREMEN'S FUND INSURANCE CO
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ROYAL INSURANCE CO.
NORWICH UNION FIRE INS. SOCIETY.
LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.

...O POISON ...N THE PASTRY ...IF ...DR. PRICE'S ...CREAM ...BAKING ...POWDER ...
ARE USED.
Vanilla Lemon, Orange, etc. flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.
FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.
PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.

Is your foot sore and tender from the ordinary pedal anatomy, making you exceedingly difficult to fit? Yes? Then try
"The HANAN"
Shoe. It fully meets, experience has taught us, every peculiarity of the human foot, and from our 15,000 pairs of lasts we can furnish every man a perfect fit, the finest material, best work, style to suit the most fastidious taste, durability and reasonable price. For sale by
GEO. T. GERT YOUNG & Co., 100 First St., Portland, Oregon. Send for illustrated Catalogue.

New York
Mrs. Terrill, No. 8 Argyle Place, says she has been troubled with worms for more than a year, and that she took one bottle of *Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge* prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., from her store, and two hundred worms, both large and small. She now believes herself to be entirely free from disease.

Messrs. D. & J. W. Cotton of Winchester, Ind., happened last spring to get some of *Dr. C. McLane's Vermifuge*. After using a few bottles, the demand became so great that it was impossible to supply the demand as the people in the neighborhood say after a trial of the others, that none is equal to *Dr. C. McLane's Vermifuge*.

New York
Mrs. Hardy, 110 Suffolk street, writes us that she has been troubled with worms for some time, and that she used one vial of *Dr. C. McLane's Vermifuge*, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., which brought away over fifty large worms. Her usual good health immediately returned.

The Only Genuine
McLane's Vermifuge
Is the Dr. C. McLane's Vermifuge,
PREPARED BY
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA
AND
SUGAR-COATED PILLS,
The Great Purifiers
CURE
BLOOD AND LIVER
DISEASES.

Evening Class
AT THE
PORTLAND BUSINESS COLLEGE
FOR MEN, AFTERNOON, EVENING
Odd & Yamhill. Sixteen admitted at a time

Crossman's Specific Mixture.
With this remedy persons can cure themselves at home for a trifling outlay of cost, or change in application to business. The mixture contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

For All Nervous Troubles
"Benson's Capcine Plasters relieved my relative, ex-Congressman Cuerther, of Wisconsin." 25 cents.

STILL UNDETERMINED

Close and Ahead 1460 on the Revised Count.

EIGHTEEN DISTRICTS TO COME

Estimates on the State and Electoral Vote.

Blaine and the Republican Electoral Ticket Undoubtedly Elected.

NEW YORK

OFFICIAL RETURNS

SARATOGA, Nov 7—Official returns in Otsego county: Blaine 10684, Cleveland 11,0...

CATTARAUGUS, Nov 7—School district county: Cleveland 858, Blaine 472, St John 164, Butler 57.

CHAUTAUQUA, Nov 7—Oswego county complete: Cleveland 7,402, Blaine 7,871.

SYRACUSE, Nov 7—Madison county: Blaine, Cleveland 1681, St John 761, Butler 81.

BUFFALO, Nov 7—Chautauqua county: Blaine 10,09..., Cleveland 8501.

SYRACUSE, Nov 7—Seneca county complete: Cleveland 2...1, St John 1109, Butler 51.

BUFFALO, Nov 7—Wyoming county: Blaine 4440, Cleveland 3...81, St John 1831, Butler 5...

CORNING, Nov 7—Steuben County complete: Blaine 1...6, Cleveland 1...0.

ELMIRA, Nov 7—Full returns from the county clerks of this district to hand. Blaine 7...6, Cleveland 1745, Dow...

ELMIRA, Nov 7—Chemung county complete: Blaine 7...1, Cleveland 1...0.

BINGHAMTON, Nov 7—Broome county complete: Blaine 1...6, Cleveland 1...0.

ALBANY, Nov 7—Almost every county in the district complete: Blaine 1...6.

BUFFALO, Nov 7—Allegheny county: Blaine 1...6.

ELMIRA, Nov 7—Tioga county: Blaine 1...6.

LOCKPORT, Nov 7—Lewis county: Blaine 5...6, Cleveland 5...6.

TROY, N. Y., Nov 7—The official vote of Washington county gives Blaine 7...6, Cleveland 6...2, St John 1...6, Butler 1...3.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., Nov 7—The full vote of Chautauqua county is as follows: Blaine 1...1, Cleveland 1917, Butler 3...4, St John 1...6, Blaine's majority 1...4.

JOHNSTOWN, N. Y., Nov 7—Ulster county complete: Blaine 1...6, Cleveland 1...0, St John 1...6, Butler 15.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Nov 7—The official vote of Schenectady county is as follows: Blaine, 2...6, Cleveland 2977, Butler 3...6, St John, 1...6. Blaine's majority has been reported 1...6.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Nov 7—The official returns of Broome county are: Blaine 1...6, Cleveland 1...0, St John 1...6, Butler 111.

SARATOGA, Nov 7—Complete official returns give Blaine 5...6, Cleveland 5...6, St John 12...6, Butler 9...6.

ROCHESTER, Nov 7—Orleans county complete: Blaine 3...6, Cleveland 1...8, St John 1...6, Butler 6...

LESS MORE DISTRICTS REPORTED

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Ten districts then to be reported all say just what the Associated Press officials say of them, coming from mountain regions. The vote of the districts follows: Blaine 6...6, Cleveland 217, Republican majorities in 36 districts, 447.

RUSHING FIGURES

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Revision of figures in Westchester county shows a clerical error in the Associated Press figures. The correction of the error leaves the 1884 vote 1,500 more votes than the previous statement based on election districts. A difference of nearly 441 has been found and a contest in the county between the Associated Press figures and the returns of the county clerk. If the latter figures stand this will reduce Blaine's majority by 441.

NEW YORK, Nov 7—A supplied Associated Press returns from districts from the returning officers have been reported below previous figures, and show that the county clerk overstated Blaine's majority by 1,500 and that the Associated Press figures from the county, the first published, were correct. As first published the discrepancy does not disturb the figures first returned.

THE LATEST OF ALL AHEAD

NEW YORK, Nov 7—A more careful review of figures by districts, as furnished by agents of the Associated Press corrected by returns received during the day, so as to bring the record down to date, the total vote of the state stands for Cleveland, 563,...; Blaine, 535,...; Butler, for Cleveland, 1,000. The figures yet eighteen districts from which returns are still behind as published. These missing gave to Cleveland a plurality of 7... The counties in which the missing districts are situated are Jefferson, Schuyler, Sullivan and Ulster.

REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE REPORTS

NEW YORK, Nov 7. The republican state committee has issued the following:

"In view of the claims made as to the result of the election in New York, the republican state committee deem it their duty to announce that while the vote is very close, the returns and estimates from the most authentic sources justify the belief that the people of this state have cast a plurality in favor of the republican candidates. We have received copies of the official returns as filed in the several county clerks' offices in all except 11 counties. Besides this we have taken every precaution to secure the result of returns forwarded to us from headquarters in New York and Kings counties from the remaining nine counties. We have procured direct information from the most reliable sources and feel justified in asserting with entire confidence that the state has gone republican. The result has been arrived at by comparing two entirely different investigations, based upon the returns collected directly from every election district in the state.

JAMES D. WARREN, Chairman."

FROM DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS

HOFFMAN NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE
NEW YORK, Nov 7.

To the Editor of the World: Sir—I am not prepared to say that the result of the presidential election gives Cleveland and Hendricks have a majority of eight in the electoral college. It is not worth while for our newspapers to claim the election vote of the state of New York. It is absolutely certain the returns of the official election in the night of the 4th of November show a decisive plurality in the state for the electors supporting Cleveland and Hendricks. If the different precincts not already reported or are promptly, they are compiled in the records of the state of New York, and in men aiding or abetting the making of such reports are criminals. It is not expected that you will cannot submit to the machinations of such men. But I understand that you will not neglect or tolerate such acts. At 10 o'clock tomorrow throughout the United States, celebrate the national election of Cleveland and Hendricks by firing national salutes. Meet to-morrow night, throughout the country, and express your opinions in a manner that cannot be misunderstood. The men of New York have resolved not to submit to the gross outrages attempted to be perpetrated upon their rights, and will speak for themselves. WILLIAM H. BARNUM,
Chairman National Democratic Committee.

A. P. GORMAN,
Chairman National Executive Committee.

CALL FOR FUNDS.

The national democratic committee has issued the following address: "The national democratic committee has taken very active measures to insure a fair and prompt return in all the delayed and doubtful districts. Counsel are employed to watch the official canvass, and arrangements are made to insure the transmission of correct news on the counting. To meet the expenses of these, which, as you know, have fallen on a few persons, we are soliciting subscriptions. We will be thankfully received by the national committee, and any sum of this nature to help enforce the popular will should, to be effective, be promptly rendered."

A CONTEST.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7—The republican national committee denies that Mr. Blaine is coming to New York for a conference with them. They say they have no means of determining the result in this state except the election returns, and that they will only take such steps as may be necessary to protect the party's interests during the progress of the count and to this end counsel will appear before the county canvassing boards next Tuesday."

MEETING OF LAWYERS

A number of prominent lawyers met at Fifth Avenue hotel last evening to take such action as seemed to them necessary to ensure a correct and a full canvass of the vote cast Tuesday. Among those present were ex-Secretary Bunner, Hamilton Ripley, Congressman Amos Cowell, Edward Carter, president of the Peace association, ex-Governor Bell of New Jersey, ex-Attorney-General C. S. Fairchild, Ephraim Brown, ex-District Attorney Rollins, Frederick Coudert, Wm. C. Whitney, W. H. Barnum, E. C. Stedman, District Attorney Martine, Frank Bell, Myles Allen, Stickney, W. G. Peckham and Wm. Dickie. Resolutions in accordance with the object of the meeting, were adopted and after Aaron J. Vanderpoel, Carter Brown, Stedman, Coudert and Whitney addressed the election laws, commissioners were appointed to take such action as they saw fit to ensure to the vote of New York, Kings, Queens, Buffalo and Richmond counties.

QUERIED TO SHOW CAUSE

NEW YORK, Nov 7—The supreme court judge signed an order requiring the chief of police and election officers to show why a writ should not be issued commanding the election returns.

Later—Chief Inspector Byrnes has access to the returns and the court dismissed the order to show cause. It is stated the ground Judge Brady found indictments for fraud at the election. Steps will also be taken to punish suspected democrats sending in the returns.

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Rumors were current last night that John J. Davenport and John O'Brien had been arrested for illegal registration. It is understood he had been indicted by the grand jury, and expected to be taken into custody in a day or two. Davenport is United States commissioner. O'Brien is chairman of the police board of election, committee and chief of the bureau of elections.

TAKING PRECAUTIONS

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Reporters of the Associated press called at police headquarters to-day and were informed that orders had been issued to the police captains to prevent all gathering of people in the streets on election night. The reporters were told that the police would not interfere with any crowds that might assemble in front of newspaper offices, but that they would not permit any crowds to gather in front of the Democratic headquarters, Tammany hall, or the Republican headquarters, Fifth Avenue hotel. The reporters were informed that the police would not interfere with any crowds that might assemble in front of newspaper offices, but that they would not permit any crowds to gather in front of the Democratic headquarters, Tammany hall, or the Republican headquarters, Fifth Avenue hotel.

NEWSPAPER OPINION.

NEW YORK, Nov 7—The *Mail and Express* says: The party is in New York state. The figures so close that official figures may be necessary to determine the result. Returns so far received indicate an uncertain plurality for Blaine.

NEW YORK, Nov 7—The *Tribune* estimates that Blaine has a plurality in the state of 1000 votes.

The *Times* says returns from all but two counties show Cleveland has 1276 plurality.

The *Sun* revised figures from all of 60 counties in the state, Cleveland's plurality 1,200.

EXCITEMENT STILL CONTINUES

NEW YORK, Nov 7—The *Herald* says: Notwithstanding the ballot in boards. At the *Herald* office last night the excitement was intense over the announced election of Cleveland and Hendricks. This increased when it was declared that Jay Gould had conceded the election to Cleveland and sent a telegraphic dispatch to the governor congratulating him upon his election. Republicans continue firm, however, and still maintain that Blaine has carried the state.

SAID THEY

NEW YORK, Nov 7—This morning a number of people were found in the City Hall park by some of the leaders of the county democracy to congratulate Governor Cleveland on his election. The presidential party, consisting of guns from a large crowd from the Bullitt house, the other news paper, the Post, the park. During the firing a rumor got around from mouth to mouth, little heard, named Jacob Smith, in the fire department.

NO FURTHER WITHHOLDINGS

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Acting superintendent Jourdan today sent messages to all police captains to prevent all gathering of people in front of the public, and to disperse all crowds.

EXPRESSIVE OF THE FACTS

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Evening, the democratic committee in the Cleveland and Hendricks headquarters, which the returns from the state have been received, the republican committee in both the democratic committees and the newspapers of this city to visit the city this evening to examine the returns received from the various districts throughout the state, and discuss the situation. The democratic committee is confident that the election returns are in favor of Cleveland and Hendricks.

NEWSPAPER OPINION.

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Reporters of the Associated press called at police headquarters to-day and were informed that orders had been issued to the police captains to prevent all gathering of people in front of the public, and to disperse all crowds.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS WAS HONEST

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Special—The *Sun*, the *Herald* and indirectly the *World*, renew the charges of corruption of Jay Gould in the returns which form the basis of the Associated Press. Under the latter method which the returns from New York have been compiled has been the best that could have been devised, where the result was likely to be close, as is shown by the gradual suppression of the claim put forth by the above named journals to large majorities for Cleveland, and their adoption, within a day or two, of the Associated Press figures and estimates of the associated press. Assuming that reasonably accurate work was done by the reporters in collecting returns from the respective boards in the 2000 election districts of the state of New York, the system by which these figures were compiled, tabulated and furnished to the press could hardly have been better, and result could have been arrested by improper use, except by dealing with a possibility of eluding detection by more than twenty-four hours and the tests which have been made were generally such as were incidental to the haste attended the collecting and compiling returns, while the delay in getting figures was chiefly from the crowded wires, the necessity of repeating messages when accounts were garbled, and the frequent long distance from telephone stations. Undoubtedly the agents of the Associated Press, who were sometimes partisan editors of both republican and democratic persuasion, have been led into inaccuracies. It is also true that some of the managers have sent out too previous statements, based on prospective counting, and it is a further fact that West Union officers have had access to rooms in which returns were being handled and votes counted. But independent and bee informed newspapers here, who take news from the New York association for the press from all parts of the country, are disposed to regard all charges as being those of intense political excitement.

COULT CONGRATULATES CLEVELAND

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Jay Gould this morning sent the following to Governor Cleveland: "I heartily congratulate you on your election. As a democrat that your administration as governor has been wise and conservative, and in the future as president, I feel that you will do still better, and that the best business interests of the country will be entirely safe in your hands."

CLAIMED BY BOTH SIDES.

NEW YORK, Nov 7—The *Post* says: The advocates of Grover Cleveland may rest confident that this state has given him a plurality, and that he has a large majority in the electoral college.

Senator Gorman, chairman of the democratic national executive committee, has sent the following dispatch to national committeemen for each state:

It is now conceded on all sides that Cleveland and Hendricks are elected. The plurality in the state of New York is not less than 1,000.

A. P. GORMAN,
Chairman Democratic National Committee.

The feeling about democratic headquarters was not confident as to Cleveland's election that the crowd dispersed at midnight.

The republican national committee said they had no news to-day. They still state that Blaine ascertained the state, and is elected.

The *Mail and Express* prints the following:

AUGUSTA, Me., Nov 7.

In charm on B. F. Jones of the republican ballot committee, in answer to the statement that there have been frauds committed in New York state, believe that the honesty of the state gives a republican plurality, and I ask that committee to see that we have a fair count.

JOHN L. BLAINE.

JOHN KELLY'S OPINION

NEW YORK, Nov 7—The *Star* says: Hundreds of telegrams have been received from all over the country inquiring the views of Mr. Kelly on the election, and especially asking his opinion on New York. In response to these inquiries Mr. Kelly sent the following statement:

The figures show a full vote for Cleveland and Hendricks of 1,701,... and a plurality for them of 1,1... The Albany *Evening Journal* decides this. I am of the opinion that the returns when canvassed by the board of supervisors Tuesday next, will show an increase over the figures. The national democratic committee figures 1,000 for Cleveland, and their statement is based on positive information. I have no doubt of Governor Cleveland's election, although the people will be kept in suspense till the official canvass can assure them of the result. The returns taken directly from the sheets are subject to many errors, as it is not always easy to separate [illegible]

JOHN KELLY.

ALBANY JOURNAL

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov 7—The *Evening Journal* (dem.) concedes the election of Cleveland. It says: "There seems to be no longer a doubt that Governor Cleveland has been elected president. Every county has sent in its full vote and after careful verification of the results assure the election of Cleveland a plurality of about 1,000 in this state. The vote will not vary 300 on either side of the figures. New York gives Cleveland enough votes to elect him. The *Journal* has devoted all its energies toward securing this result, and it now reluctantly admits that the election has been decided differently from its sincere hopes. It believes that a full recognition of the will of the majority is essential to the maintenance and preservation of American institutions. Strong in the people of the United States have decided to transfer the federal administration to the democratic party, we are glad that the desired results have been made in favor of the democrats from New York state.

CONGRATULATIONS POURING IN

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov 7—Congratulatory dispatches have poured in upon the governor all morning. They come from every state in the union, and already several thousand have been received. Among the telegrams was one from Jay Gould, congratulating Governor Cleveland on his election. There was a constant stream of visitors in and out of the executive mansion all morning. Many ladies were among the callers. The governor bore his honors modestly. The executive mansion this evening is largely attended. Republicans generally express Cleveland's election. Many business and private houses are decorated, and the enthusiasm among the democrats is subdued, but intense. The Jacksonians, one of the oldest campaign clubs, will serenade President-elect Cleveland at the executive mansion this evening. On Monday night next, a mass celebration will be held in which all the campaign clubs of Albany and vicinity will participate.

THE NEXT HOUSE

NEW YORK, Nov 7—The *Herald* gives the following as the complexion of the next house of representatives: Democrats 185; republicans 145; people's party 2; democratic majority 40.

NO TROUBLE OCCURS

NEW YORK, Nov 7—In Brooklyn late tonight police stopped political parades, fearing they might lead to trouble. In this city great crowds gathered to-night at the headquarters of the republican and democratic committees, but no returns were given out. There was an entire absence of the feverish feeling of last night. In all parts of the city, the democrats being seemingly confident with the proclamation that "the controversy is ended, and Cleveland is elected."

WILL HOLD A MASS MEETING

NEW YORK, Nov 7—The executive committees of the various Cleveland and Hendricks clubs resolved to hold a mass meeting of merchants and citizens to-morrow evening at the academy of music. The committee issued an address to the business men of the city, in which they say that "the election of Cleveland and Hendricks to the presidency and vice presidency of the United States is an assured fact. All can rest assured that the election is over, that our active business energies may be once more given to our regular business affairs." The following are among the gentlemen who have been invited to address the meeting: Saturday night, Roy Henry Ward Beecher, Carl Schurz, Samuel J. Randall, George William Curtis, Benjamin H. Bristow and others.

A STARTLING ANNOUNCEMENT

TROY, N. Y., Nov 7—A special from Rossie to the *Telegram* says the Butler vote there was all counted for Cleveland. The tickets were the same size and thickness. It is alleged by Butler managers here that the same was done elsewhere.

CALIFORNIA

(SPECIAL TO THE SAN FRANCISCO PAPERS)

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 7—One hundred and thirty-two precincts in this city gave Irwin (rep.) for governor, 30,586, Merry, 17,342; for sheriff—Hopkins, 14,697, Peterson, 13,... Connelly, 8,2... The majority of the republicans on joint ballot in the legislature will probably not exceed 14.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 7—San Francisco gives Blaine 28,7..., Cleveland 20,7..., with twelve precincts still to hear from.

Complete returns from nine counties, and partial returns from the remainder, give Blaine 7..., Cleveland 6,5...7.

Latest returns place the legislature as follows: Senate, republicans 21, democrats 19; assembly, republicans 54, democrats 21; republican majority on joint ballot, 40.

The vote for congressmen now stands: Caruthers, rep., 10,291, Henley 10,085; Loutitt, rep., 11,824, Sumner 12,370, Morrow, rep., 11,188, Blanchard 9...3, Markham, rep., 11,431, Bell 10,...3.

Returns so far in light show the following majorities: Caruthers, republican, 502; Loutitt, republican, 318; McKenna, republican, 1...6; Morrow, republican, 4024; Felton, republican 519; Markham, republican, 500.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 7—(Special)—All the papers here conceded the election of Cleveland this morning. The *Examiner* parades a rooster at the top of each of its thirty-two columns, and its leader bears undisguised burst of gush, in perfect harmony with the accompanying poultry display.

The *Chronicle* hints darkly of fraud, and how Speed is "with pride" to the California clean sweep.

The *Call*, with its usual spunk, says, in effect, that it is not Cleveland is elected and a pity that it is.

The *Bulletin* this afternoon says Cleveland will be president of the New York pattern. The tendency of his letter is toward the simple money standard of gold, tariff for revenue only, as at best means of obtaining ultimate free trade, undue protection to capital invested in corporations, or the absolute disregard of popular rights and the conservation of the money interest against all other interests. But Cleveland, although triumphant to-day, will not control majorities in congress. The republican party will stand solid for protection, and there are enough democrats like Samuel J. Randall of Pennsylvania to save the protective tariff. The entire west, to the Pacific coast, will insist that silver shall not be demonetized. The money and corporation question will not be settled this term. The republican defeat now will serve one good purpose. It will unite and consolidate the republican party, and the independents will find their places among free trade democrats, if their domineering ways will allow them to stay permanently anywhere."

SAN FRANCISCO STILL WILD

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 7—[Special.]—The city returns are not yet complete, but the count has progressed sufficiently to show even greater republican gains than were indicated by the early reports. The city treasurer will be a republican and the board of supervisors and school board will have decided republican majorities. It is doubtful, however, if the change will be of practical benefit as it is simply turning over authority heretofore resting in Boss Buckley to Boss Higgins. The absurd demonstrations in progress at the date of last night's report were continued till 5 o'clock this morning, and are being repeated to-night. Since 6 o'clock the city has been in a state of uproar, and at midnight there is no cessation of the horrible din. Every third man on the street wears a small rooster, perched on the crown of his hat, and a good many enthusiasts carry live roosters about with them. Montgomery, Kearny and Market streets are filled with hooting paraders, and it looks as if the whole city had lost its head.

MICHIGAN

DETROIT, Nov 7—The election in this state appears to favor the republican ticket by a small majority. The figures sent before are reduced somewhat. Congressmen are elected as before stated with the exception of the Second district, which is now claimed by both parties, republicans claiming a majority of 48, and democrats of 84. The democratic state committee places the republican majority at about 1500.

The *Free Press* has reports from a large part of the state, including the upper peninsula, which is strongly republican, and states that its estimates indicate a small fusion majority, but it will take an official count to decide. They estimate the fusion vote for Cleveland at 182,000, and the fusion vote for Butler at 38,000. As in fusion it was agreed to divide the electoral vote proportionately to the popular vote, a fusion victory would give Cleveland 10, Butler 2, and Blaine 1 vote.

The state republican committee does not allow the claims of the fusionists, but still claims a majority of 7000 on the state and electoral tickets.

The *Post* (rep.) claims the state by 5000 to 7000 on figures received from correspondents in most counties of the state, with estimates on the remainder of the counties. Blaine's plurality is a little over 6000. It also claims to have 15 republicans out of 32 in the state senate, and half the representatives.

The prohibition vote has been estimated by the *Free Press* at about 30,000 for Preston for governor, and 17,000 for St. John.

DETROIT, Nov 7.—Figures sent to-day on the result in this state will be little changed by later returns. At midnight the *Free Press* (dem.), reports Blaine's plurality in 1128 precincts out of 1...5 in the state at 5...5, and Alger, for governor, 2...3. The latest precincts show an average republican gain of 111. The *Post*, republican, with two counties estimated and nine others partially reported, claims a plurality on the electoral ticket of 5003. The congressional delegation stands seven fusionists and four republicans, a gain of one for the fusionists. The result was reached by a loss of two democrats and a gain of three. The legislature varies somewhat in claims, but there will be a fusion majority in both the senate and house.

MR. BRIAN CONCEDED TO THE REPUBLICANS.

DETROIT, Nov 7—A careful comparison of figures from the democratic and republican sources shows figures heretofore sent in by Associated press reports from this city as nearly correct. The democrats allow the republicans a plurality of about 1500 and the republicans claim a plurality of 7500. The state has gone republican according to comparison in this office by 4877. There is not a great deal of difference on state and national tickets, as at first thought.

ILLINOIS

CHICAGO, Nov 7—There was much interest and at one time considerable excitement in the business portion of the city last night. Both parties claimed New York and went marching about the streets singing, blowing tin horns and cat calling. About midnight a collision occurred between persons standing on the street, looking at the bulletins of the *Inter Ocean* and *Tribune*. Several persons were hit with fists and sticks, but a call for the police was responded to quickly and the riot quelled before any one was seriously hurt. Latest returns to the *Daily News* indicate the election of ten republican congressmen, nine democrats and one doubtful. In the state legislature it says that on joint ballot the democrats will have 102, republicans 100, independent one, doubtful one.

EX-SPEAKER KEIFER INTERVIEWED

CHICAGO, Nov 7—Ex-Speaker Keifer, referring to the New York *World*'s statement that the contest over the New York vote would throw the election of president in the house of representatives, said to-day that the vote of New York must be counted one way or the other. There was no precedent for throwing it out. In 1876 the votes of Louisiana and Florida were counted in, and whether New York went democratic or republican it could not be thrown out. The *Sun* claimed that if New York was thrown out, Cleveland would have 183 and Blaine 182 electoral votes, and neither having 201 the election would go to congress. In this event, Mr. Keifer said Logan would be vice president, as the senate elected that officer. The ex-speaker had no idea, however, that any such result would come about. He had no hesitancy in saying the vote of New York would be counted, one way or the other.

NO MORE BULLETINS.

CHICAGO, Nov 7—Mayor Harrison has issued a request to all newspapers of the city to cease issuing election bulletins, on the grounds that they

those for Cleveland Jubilan. democrats have arranged for a jollification meeting o-morrow night, on which occasion the speakers will be Messrs. Hendricks, McDonald and Voorhees.

Governor Hendricks has received a great many congratulatory telegrams to-day, and has been busily engaged in receiving and entertaining callers, among whom were many republicans, personal friends. An Associated Press reporter found him this evening, in conversation with a number of politicians Senator Voorhees among them. He was in an apparently happy frame of mind, expressing himself as satisfied that the democratic candidates had been elected. He had nothing, he said, to add to what he already been expressed by him for the past day or two, respecting the election.

The excitement of the last three nights is beginning to tell on the people, and the crow on the street to-night is much smaller and less demonstrative. No bulletins are displayed anywhere, and affairs are beginning to resume their normal condition.

MAINE

WHAT BLAINE THINKS

AUGUSTA, Nov 7—Blaine's friends and family were greatly astonished and annoyed by reports about his health which seemed to be current in some large cities. Blaine is unusually robust health and excellent spirits. The exposants seem to forget that the election of their ticket and to-night celebrated the victory. The address of Chairman Manning to New York conflicts with all advices received by Blaine. Blaine said he had acted in the republican nomination as an honorable trust, confided to him without solicitation, and had, therefore, spared no time and no effort to secure success. He had full confidence that he had been fairly elected and he trusted every effort would now be made to vindicate the sacredness of the ballot.

"To quote my own sayings on an important occasion, added Mr Blaine "any party in the United States can bear to be defeated, but no party will bear to be defrauded."

Mr Blaine freely expressed his judgment that a majority of the votes of New York had been cast for the republican electoral ticket. He thought the returns and comparisons with former votes clearly established this conclusion.

LEWISTON, Nov 7—The *Journal's* summary for 370 towns gives the following: Blaine 60,076, Cleveland 46,941, Butler 577, St. John 1986. Blaine's plurality, 19,052.

BLAINE SAID HE IS HONESTLY ELECTED.

AUGUSTA, Nov 7. Latest advices received here from New York are to the effect that the republican committees, state and national, after careful examination of the whole ground are satisfied that the state has gone for Blaine and Logan. They state that a correct count will show a small republican plurality, and that they have taken steps to establish the fact. Mr Blaine's residence was crowded all day. Many citizens from distant parts of the state are arriving, and interest in the result in New York is growing deeper every hour. This afternoon Blaine talked freely about the situation. He said to a distinguished citizen of Maine "I feel entirely confident that the honest vote of New York, without change or manipulation will show a plurality for the republican electors of not less than 1500 votes. I do not speak in a personal sense, but profoundly as my personal interests depending upon the result. I feel a great pride that no imputation of fraud has ever been uttered against the earnest members of the republican party in any state or district. I do not believe the American people will accept a fraudulent result. The republicans have carried the northern states by more than 300,000 majority and they do not propose to have the leading state taken from them by fraud."

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov 7—Patrick Walsh, member of the national democratic executive committee of Georgia, telegraphed John Kelly of New York: "I congratulate you on the full, fair and honest vote of Tammany, by which Tammany made Grover Cleveland president of the United States."

PENNSYLVANIA

THE NEWS AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov 7—Great crowds swarmed Chestnut street, between Third and Broad streets, last night and eagerly scanned the bulletins of newspaper offices and political clubs. Although the excitement was intense and those assembled cheered wildly for their partisan favorites, there were no serious disturbances. An Associated press dispatch from New York was hailed by democrats with the wildest manifestation of delight. The chief of police issued orders for the prohibition of parades in masquerade and requesting political clubs and people to abstain from parading during the present exciting political situation and by keeping off the streets to-night as much as possible. The police force in the center of the city was largely increased.

THE EXCITEMENT IN PITTSBURG

PITTSBURG, Nov 7—A proclamation was issued to-day by Chief of Police Brahm, forbidding the posting of election bulletins and blowing of tin horns on the streets. This has had the effect of reducing the crowd materially, and the best order prevails. Pool rooms have also been closed until after the presidential contest has been settled. The order of Mayor Fulton, as betting is calculated to keep up the excitement and partisan feeling.

GEORGIA

SAVANNAH, Nov 7—There is intense excitement in the city. Such scenes have been unknown here since 1860. Thousands were the appearance of a holiday. People gathered in groups discussing the great event of the election of Cleveland. Business men and clerks are on the streets. In many instances stores are closed. The people are wild with joy.

A GEORGIA YELL.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov 7—The citizens celebrated Cleland's election at 11 o'clock amidst the ringing of bells, firing of cannon and blowing of whistles. An immense crowd bearing banners, flags and red shirts on poles entered the capital, took the legislature by storm and adjourned that body. The crowd then took up Gov McDaniel and carried him across the street to the custom house, where the red shirts were drilled and enthusiastic and patriotic speeches were made by Governor Daniel, Congressman Hardeman and General Lawton.

IOWA,

DES MOINES, Nov 7—The congressional delegation from Iowa will probably stand 7 republicans, 2 fusionists and 1 democrats.

DES MOINES, Nov 7—The following dispatch was sent to the national republican committee this morning, by the Iowa republican committee:

DES MOINES IA, Nov 7—

The Republican National committee of New York Iowa republicans, believing with the national committee that Mr Blaine is fairly elected, are ready to protect the victory of their party in whatever way it becomes necessary. We believe, with Mr Blaine, that any party should be able to stand defeat, but a party worthy of success, as is the republican party, should not yield to fraud in the least degree, at whatever cost. W P WOLFE,

Chairman Republican State Committee.

LOUISIANA

NEW ORLEANS, Nov 7—The *Times'* special from Morgan City, Berwick City and other points report great rejoicing over the news of Cleveland's election. Salutes were fired and the joy of the people seems beyond bounds.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov 7—Governor Kellogg charges his defeat in the third congressional district to corruption, violence and intimidation.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov 7—The democratic state central committee has issued an address, congratulating the people on the great victory gained by the democratic party, and the noble independent republicans who bravely put themselves into the thickest of the fight.

COLORADO

DENVER, Nov 7—The Republican state central committee estimate Blaine's majority at 900 congressman 3000, for the state ticket an average majority of 2500. The Democratic state central committee give no figures, but claim the above majorities are over-estimated.

DENVER, Nov 7—From authentic reports received from Silver Plume to-night it is learned that the loss by yesterday's fire will not exceed $75,000. Insurance about $30,000. Twenty business houses were destroyed.

KENTUCKY

LOUISVILLE, Nov 7—Louisville has been making things quietly and has been anxiously awaiting definite election returns, but to-night the city has gone mad over the democratic success. The *Courier-Journal* took the initiative in celebrating the rallying, and the city is now handsomely decorated with flags, bunting, etc. Old men and boys vie each other in celebrating, and the streets are filled with enthusiastic citizens, who rejoice and shout for democracy and reform. A mass ratification is called for Saturday.

VIRGINIA

RICHMOND, Nov 7—Returns, mostly official, from 84 counties and all cities of Virginia give a majority for Cleveland of 7450. The seventeen counties remaining to be heard from gave a democratic majority last year of 1270. These counties are likely to give the same if not a greater majority now, which will make Cleveland's majority in this state nearly 9000.

PETERSBURG, Nov 7—Senator Mahone does not concede the state to the democrats.

MISSOURI

ST LOUIS, Nov 7—Reported and in few cases the official majority from 70 counties in this state and St Louis give Marmaduke, democrat, for governor, less than 8000 majority over Ford, fusion. The chairman and secretary of the democratic state committee claim that Marmaduke's majority in the state will be over 10,000 but the republicans here assert it will be less than 5000.

NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, Nov 7—Full returns from every county in the state give Cleveland a plurality of 2519. The state senate is republican by one majority, and house republican by 10 majority.

JERSEY CITY, Nov 7—The New Jersey state republican committee has received reports today from all counties in the state. They show a plural ty of 2282 for Cleveland.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Nov 7—Richmond's enthusiasm continues unabated over Cleveland's certain election. The joyous excitement of the democratic population is unparalleled. Two hundred guns were fired. There has been but little business since yesterday.

THE STATE

LIVE TOPICALLY

CLEVELAND		BLAINE	
Brown, ill	3	East Maine	7
Harrison	3	West Maine	11
Butler	4	Lehigh	6
Stanton	3	Halsey	69
Franklin Butler	8	Orleans	14
Seth	10	Shields	15
Washington	5	Edwardsville	14
Whitelaw	1	Bon Vallet	10
Sweet Home	1	Liberty	2
Fair Prospect	1	Mayl	4
Total	48	Total	87
Cleveland's majority	10		

WASHINGTON TERRITORY

THE DELEGATESHIP

Following are the latest figures on the vote for delegate to congress in Washington Territory:

Counties	Voorhees	Armstrong
Clallam	1	1
Clarke	1	1
Clarke (2d)	1	1
Cowlitz	1	1
Cowlitz (2d)	0	1
Douglas	0	1
Garfield	25	1
Island	15	1
Jefferson	1	1
King	1	1
Kitsap	1	1
Klickitat	0	1
Lewis	5	1
Lincoln	1	1
Pierce	1	1
Pierce (2d)	1	1
Shoalwater	1	1
Skamania	15	1
Skagit	1	1
Snohomish	1	1
Spokane	1	1
Stevens	1	1
Thurston	1	1
Wahkiakum	1	1
Walla Walla	1	1
Walla Walla (2d)	1	1
Whatcom	1	1
Whitman	1	1
Yakima	1	1
Total	100	100

KING COUNTY (OFFICIAL)

SEATTLE, Nov 7—The official returns of King county do not materially differ from the former estimate, viz Voorhees' majority over 2000. Captain George D Hill, instead of being defeated, has been elected by one vote. A contest and new count are now in order. The official canvass makes the following showing: Total number of votes about 5675.

For delegate to Congress—Armstrong 1413, Voorhees 3401, majority for Voorhees 2248.

The republican ticket in general has been elected in this county by about 2000 majority.

Prosecuting Attorney—J T Ronald 3693, Osborne 2004. Mr Ronald's majority 1689.

For the council—Collins 2803, Jacobs 2446, giving Jacobs a majority of 44.

Representatives—Munday 3180, Yaks 2318, Keene 4022, and Alvord 1679 giving Munday, democrat, and Alvord, republican, a handsome plurality.

Total representative with Kitsap county—J R Lewis 3427 and opponent 2001. Lewis' majority 1426.

Probate judge—W D Wood, republican, 4st, H Brown, dem, 1390, and 3 Scott 1882.

County commissioners—Vanderen, rep, 3980 Lawton, rep, 2990 W W Perigo 2780, Maddock 2427, O'Brien 2083, Bush 2149.

Sheriff—J H McGraw, rep, 3796. Robert Abrams 1282.

Auditor—Harris 2670, Whittlesey 2101.

Treasurer—T D Hill 2832, J M Lyon 2531.

Assessor—William Hughes, rep, 3016. R Hopkins, dem, 2043.

Surveyor—Albro Gardiner, rep, 3955. Munch, dem, 2113, Gardiner's majority 842.

School superintendent—Mrs. F Chick 1325, O S Jones 3442, H F Jones 262.

Coroner—Dawson, rep, 3629. Root, dem, 2084, Dawson's majority 995.

Wm. Anmaster—Isaiah Waddell on all the tickets.

Church property tax—"Yes" 2750, "no" 1375, and for "yes" 1381.

Justices of Peace—George D Lyon 2907, C E Brown 1121, C A Hill 1747, S B Vroman 1214, giving the election to Lyon and Hill.

Constables—Thornton 1527, Ivan Doren 2112. Manning 675, Coombs 1128, T. H. Campbell 681, making H G Thornton and Van Doren the newly-elected constables of Seattle precincts.

KLICKITAT COUNTY

Goldendale—Following are majorities from all precincts except Paradise Representative, Voorhees, 28; prosecuting attorney, Hiram Dustin, dem., 365; joint councilman, W R Neal, dem., 328; representative, R O Dunbar, rep., 145; sheriff, E B. Wise, rep., 219; auditor, C W Filloon, dem., 199; county judge, W D Palmer, rep., 267; treasurer, J T Eshelman, dem., 219; assessor, A Howard, rep., 129; school superintendent, Mrs A E Rodman, rep., 56; county commissioners, J Hunsaker and A O Woods, both rep., elected.

WHITMAN COUNTY

COLFAX, W. T., Nov 7—Special]—Latest returns indicate Voorhees' majority in this county is 400. Warner, democratic candidate for joint council over Carson, republican, 85.

PASSENGERS FOR THE NORTH.

The steamship Mexico sailed from San Francisco for Victoria and Puget Sound ports yesterday, with the following passengers:

Victoria—Mrs. R. A. Cunningham, Mrs C E Robertson, J Swenesten, M Curnow, Mrs Williams and child, Mrs. Springer, J Graham, Mrs J Graham, Miss Johns on, A Reus, R. Katz, J Boscowitz, W Simpson, Miss A. Woerz, A McAchran, S Ross, wife and two boys, M Warren, M S Davy, Sr, M Clark, C Burton, Young Song, Chin Sung.

Port Townsend—T Banks, Lilbe Winters, J H F Peck.

Seattle—F Coblentz, E W Marston, F S Chadbourne, Mr Parks, Mrs Shaw, A M Steward, W O J Anderson, J Brewer, J Pool, H Keller.

Tacoma—W McDonald, Mrs. Spencer, M J Sanders and wife, W Wooding, W R. Dodge, A Packsher, Mrs. J D Ray and daughter, C Haines, wife and daughter, Mr Davis, F R Hare, J Mitchell, wife and son.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEWS NOTES FROM VICTORIA.

VICTORIA, Nov 7—The steamer Sardonyx is on the berth for Hong Kong, and all the 22d. It is said that a full cargo has been secured.

British Columbians are jubilant at the prospect of Cleveland's election, anticipating a reciprocity treaty which will admit provincial coal into San Francisco free of duty.

Graham J Clark, a prominent contractor, died to-day of consumption.

The rains which have fallen almost unceasingly for the past three weeks have ceased, and the weather is clear and beautiful.

The excitement over the recent murder has died away, and there will be no lynching.

PERSONAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 7—[Special]—C P Church is at the Palace, and will remain down a week or ten days.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived—Schooner Sailor Boy, Mitchell, 15 days from Seattle, 500 tons coal, to Renton Coal company, and 75 M feet lumber, to A. Crawford & Co; steamer Mexico, Huntington, Victoria, etc.

French Prisons

New York Sun

A law passed in 1875 made a radical change in the management of French prisons, and now all prisoners are required to be kept isolated from one another by day as well as by night. Criminals whose terms of sentence do not exceed one year are lodged in prison belonging to the department in which they were convicted. The point most insisted on as a sufficient number of cells to keep those who might be innocent of the charge against them from coming in contact with the habitual criminals. The matter hung fire for a long time, but in 1880 co-operation of the government was finally secured, and the proposed reforms are now in process of execution.

GENERAL NEWS.

The President Issues a Thanksgiving Proclamation.

THE COMING PLENARY COUNCIL

President Adams of the Union Pacific Makes a Statement—Troubles Caused by the Recent Elections—News Items.

WASHINGTON, Nov 7—The president has issued the following proclamation: "The season is nigh when it is yearly wont for this people to observe a day appointed for this purpose by the president, as an especial occasion for thanksgiving unto God. Now, therefore, in recognition of this hallowed custom I, Chester A Arthur, president of the United States, do hereby designate as such day of general thanksgiving Thursday, the 27th of this present November, and I do recommend that throughout the land the people ceasing from their accustomed occupations, do then keep holiday at their several homes and their several places of worship, and with heart and voice pay reverent acknowledgment to the Giver of all good for the countless blessings wherewith He has visited this nation."

THE PLENARY COUNCIL

BALTIMORE, Nov 7—A conference of all the archbishops of the Catholic church of the United States, preliminary to opening the third plenary council on Monday next, was held last evening at the residence of Archbishop Gibbon. Apostolic delegate Acts and decrees, formulated at a recent meeting of theologians of this city, being the principal work for the council, were placed before the archbishops and gone over in order to thoroughly familiarize them with the matters to be taken up in council. All archbishops will be present at the opening of the council on Sunday next. It will be an imposing service.

SUIT AGAINST THE STEWART ESTATE

NEW YORK, Nov 7—In the United States circuit court to-day papers were filed in the suit of Alexander Stewart, a lunatic, by his guardian Benjamin F Wheldon, against Henry Hilton for the sum of $200,000, which complainant alleges is due him as one of the heirs of A T Stewart. This is the second time complaint has been filed, the first bill having been dismissed because surety for security of costs was not forthcoming.

MISSIONARY WORK

BALTIMORE, Nov. 7—The executive committee of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church, began business to-day with devotional exercises by Mrs J H Creighton, Cincinnati.

A STRIKE COMPROMISED

NEW ORLEANS, Nov 7—The street car drivers' strike has ended by a compromise. The men demanded $60 a month, and the compromise agrees to $55 for fifteen hours work a day. The former pay was $45.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov 7—California, fair weather, north Pacific coast, local rains and partly cloudy weather.

IN WALL STREET

The Day Ends with a General and Sharp Advance —Quotations

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Governments strong. At the opening of business this morning there was a pressure to sell stocks and prices decline 1 to 1½ per cent. Union Pacific fell off 1¼ to 1½, St Paul ¾ to 73¾, Lackawanna ¾ to 100, Lake Shore ½ to 91½, Pacific Mail ¼ to 48¾, and Western Union ⅝ to 87½. Sales were generally credited to bear account, and a low market showed that the bear interest had been materially increased. Stocks were offered readily, and as the day advanced the temper of speculation became quite bullish. There were large purchases during the last hour of trading, and a sharp advance in prices was recorded. The advance from the lowest point of the day range I from ⅞ to 1⅞ per cent. Pacific Mail rose 2⅛ to 50, Central Pacific 1 to 94, Northwestern 1½ to 85, St. Paul 1½ to 105, Lackawanna 2½ to 102½, Lake Shore 1½ to 96, New York Central 1⅞ to 132, Northern Pacific preferred 1⅛ to 42⅜, Union Pacific 2⅛ to 61, and Western Union 1⅜ to 89.

At the close the market was very strong and on the advance, with the best figures of the day, generally realized. Lackawanna sold at 99½ @ 99¾, seller 60, when the regular price was 100½ @ 100¾. Missouri Pacific 82 @ 82⅛, seller 60 when the regular price was 80⅜. Compared with last night closing figures are ⅜ to 2 per cent. higher, except for Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Missouri Pacific, Kansas and Texas, Oregon and Transcontinental and Texas Pacific, which are a fraction lower. Manitoba rose 2 per cent. to 82.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS

Money 1½ to 2. Prime paper, 5@6. Exchange, bills, $4 80, demand, $4 84.

Dry goods imports for the week, $1 412,000.

Bonds—38, 100½; 4s, 113⅜; 4s, 122, Pacific, 95s, 1 20.

Stocks—American 92½, Canada Pacific 43½, Canada Southern 29, Central Pacific 80½, Burlington 17, Lackawanna 102½, Denver & Rio Grande 8, Erie 12⅝, Hannibal & St. Joe 38⅝, Kansas & Texas 13¾, Lake Shore 95⅝, Louisville & Nashville 24⅜, Michigan Central 84, Northern Pacific 17⅜, Preferred 42⅜, Northwestern 84½, New York Central 85⅝, Oregon Navigation 60, Transcontinental 12⅜, Improvement 15, Pacific Mail 50¾, Panama 99, Rock Island 111, St. Paul 74⅜, Texas Pacific 9⅜, Union Pacific 59, United States 5s, Fargo 105, Western Union 81.

Petroleum was firm at 73¼.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

A CROWD TRIED UPON

CLEVELAND, Oct. 7—An Oberlin special to the *Leader* reports that last night, after receiving the report that Blaine was elected college students and citizens built a bonfire, discharged guns, fired anvils and had a jubilee, winding up by serenading prominent prohibitionists, including one professor, with tin pans, horns and other unmusical implements. In these rounds they paid a visit to the residence of Rev Mr Mills, a senior in the college and an ordained minister, who has been a conspicuous advocate of the cause of prohibition. The moment the charivari began in front of his house he fired four shots from a revolver into the crowd, one of which slightly wounded a student named Mitchell, piercing the edge of his ear and grazing the side of his head. Mills was arrested and put under $100 bail for trial to-morrow. The feeling against him is reported to be strong.

TROUBLE AMONG OHIO MINERS

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov 7—President Greene of the Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo railroad, has requested Governor Hoadly to order out the militia, on account of the burning of bridges in Hocking county. Sheriff McCarty of Hocking county to-day telegraphed the governor to order out troops. He says Murray City was attacked last night by 300 or 400 miners, who used this fillec with giant powder, with fuse attached, and some dynamite. The sheriff says he could manage Hocking county, if Perry and Athens counties were locked after. No trouble has been reported so far to-day. Governor Hoadly is in Cincinnati and the call has not been answered.

ROBBER KILLED

LANCASTER, Pa., Nov 7—The store of L C Robinson, in Salisbury township, bordering on Welsh mountain, was robbed last night. The suspected persons were negroes connected with the Buzzard gang. Constable Bowman found the robbers—four in number. The men attempted to escape, and Bowman shot one of them—Jerry Green—fatally. John Boag, another of the party, was arrested and placed in jail in this city this evening.

MURDERED BY DEMOCRATS

NEW YORK, Nov. 7—A crowd of people were cheering last night in Brooklyn for Cleveland and Hendricks, when Patrick Gray, inspector of sewers, and Patrick Cunningham, a car driver, cheered for Blaine and Logan. They were set upon by the crowd, and both stabbed. Gray's wounds were fatal. No arrests were made.

RAILROAD NOTES

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS MAKES A STATEMENT.

NEW YORK Nov 7—Charles Francis Adams, president of the Union Pacific railroad, has sent the following communication to Sidney Dillon, explaining the financial condition of the company. "During the months of July to September, inclusive, we received just $1,000,000 a month net, from Omaha. By net, I mean over and above Omaha draft. During October we received $1,450,000, and paid $150,000 on Omaha drafts, leaving us a net of $1,300,000 for the month. Between now and January 1, I expect to receive $2,000,000, $900,000 of which will be necessary to provide for coupons and maturing obligations which must be paid off. But, I am confident we will have in these two months $1,500,000 net, to apply to the floating debt. I may overestimate these figures, but I do not think I do. The Pullman notes, given for our share in the contract, are reduced now by $100,000. The company owes us about $30,000. Meanwhile our accounts at Omaha are in better condition than they have been for a long time. There are no arrears vouchers, and the auditor reports everything well paid up. The reduction in gross receipts the past month was largely due to the fact of changed methods of keeping accounts. Last year we credited ourselves with about $1,000,000, freight paid on coal used for our own locomotives. Of course we never received this money, and it went into subsequent expenses, and this year's system of charges is decreased in so much. During September, therefore, we practically received about $500,000 more in money than last year. I propose to come on to New York next week, and take hold of the floating debt. From his time forward the plan is to reduce it steadily, and by every means in our power, until it is extinguished."

REDUCING RAILROAD RATES

NEW YORK, Nov 7—Kiernan's news agency states that the New York Central railroad has just reduced its rates to Chicago to $11. This gives the West Shore a differential rate of $10. West Shore tickets sell at $9 50, and brokers predict a greater reduction.

THE MARKETS

WOOL MARKETS

BOSTON, Nov 7—Wool, dull and unchanged.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET

CHICAGO, Nov 7—Hogs—Receipts, 2,000; slow, weak and 10 lower, rough packing, $4 10@4 55; packing and shipping, $4 60@4 80, light, $4 20@4 70.

Cattle—Receipts, 8,000, brisk and firm, good to choice, $5 40@5 10, common to fair, $4 70@5 30, stockers, $3@4 feeders $4 00@4 50, range, steady, sales 240 Wyoming, 1104 lbs, $4 75; 153 Wyoming, 1025 lbs, $4 25; 23 Montana, 1341 lbs, $5 25; 152 Montana, 1232 lbs, $5.

Sheep—Receipts, 3000, weak, inferior to fair, $2 40@3 medium to good, $3 00@3 40, choice, $3 60.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET

CHICAGO, Nov 7—Wheat, lower, 72⅛ November, 74c December Corn, lower 40⅛c November, 37½c December Oats, easier 25c November, 20⅛c December Rye, firmer at 50⅜c. Barley, quiet at 58c.

Pork, weaker $8 90 November. Bulk meats, fairly in demand and lower shoulders, boxed, $5 25@5 50 short ribs, $6 90@7 25 short clear, $7 40@7 50.

Whisky, $1 13.

THE FIRE RECORD.

STEAMBOAT BURNED

MADISON, Ind., Nov 7—The steamboat Fannie Fee was burned to the water's edge at the wharf this evening. Five caught from a trash gunlin hay, 400 bales of which composed her cargo. James went up through the roof in less than half a minute, obliging the passengers and crew to jump into the river to escape. The books, baggage of the crew, etc., are a total loss.

FAILURES

FAILURES

NEW YORK Nov 7—Failures throughout the country during the past seven days are 210. There is a marked decrease over last week, when the total was 267, and that of the previous week 258. Increase arises in New York city, New England and middle states.

GREAT VINEYARDS OF FRANCE

Some Interesting Facts About the Famous Brands of Claret

This year's vintage, says *Le Figaro*, promises to be exceptionally good both as regards quantity and quality. The season has been exactly similar to that of 1858, when the vintage was a fortnight earlier in consequence of the excessive heat which prevailed throughout the summer. The *côte* was one of the best remembered, both as regards red and white wines, the Chateau Yquem realizing 3500 francs, and later as much as 10,000 francs per cask. The *tonneau*, in case, in the vineyard districts, consists of 900 liters (about 200 English gallons) and the *pièce* of 225.

The great red wines of Gironde are divided into five classes, and belong to wealthy members of the aristocracy. The Chateau Lafite stands in the midst of extensive woods, its tower at the end of a terrace, overlooking the summits of the highest trees. It was in a chamber of this tower that the owner of the castle in 1793, Marie Pichard was arrested, and from which he was dragged to Paris and executed. He was president of the parliament of Bordeaux. The present owners of the estate are MM Alphonse, Gustave and Edmund de Rothschild. The Chateau-Lafitte is, like the Chateau Margaux, the Chateau Latour, and the Chateau-Haut-Brion, a vineyard of the choicest brand. It has an annual average of 250 casks, but yields the exceptional quantity of 1000 casks. The Chateau-Latour is a large square building dating back to the commencement of the reign of Louis XIV. This estate belongs now to Mme de Fiers, de Beaumont, de Cravail and de Courtivron. Its annual production is nine hundred casks. The Chateau Margaux is more picturesquely situated. You seldom notice it on the end of a long avenue of tall chestnut trees. Count Pillet-Will is the actual proprietor. The last of the *grands crus* is known as the Chateau Haut-Brion, and its annual produce 130 casks of excellent wine.

Of the second-class brands there are seven, all of fine quality. They are headed by the Brane-Cantenac, with a production of 100 casks a year and the Rauzan-Gassies, formerly connected with the Rauzan-Segla. It is one of the oldest domains in the Bordeaux district. A curious anecdote is told of a squire named Gyssies, who on failing into disgrace at the court was sent into exile to his estate at Rauzan in 1530. He there discovered that his people had been cultivating some excellent vines. Returning almost immediately to Paris with two casks and 100 bottles of the wine, he presented some of his produce to the ladies and lords at the court. The latter called the attention of Francis I to it, and the king, after tasting the newly discovered nectar, no longer nursed the slightest ill-will toward his former escuyer and took him back into his service. Rauzan-Gassies vintage amounts to sixty casks a year and that of the Rauzan-Segla estate to forty-five. The Lascombes vineyards produced twenty-five casks, but those of the Durfort-Vivens estate only fifty. In the Commune of St Julien were the estates of Leoville-Lascase (25 casks) Leoville-Poyfere (80) Leoville-Barton (75) Gruand-Larose (80), and Gruand-Larose-Sargot (85). The Leoville estates, taken collectively, form one of the largest series of vineyards in the Medoc district, and adjoin the Chateau-Lafitte. The latter wine is sold only in bottles, and has the genuine marks of the domain on its labels, corks, etc. The Chateau-Beaucaillou, a third *cru bourg*, is another St. Julien, with a annual production of 110 casks. In the district of Pauillac we come across the Pichon-Longueville estate, and the Mouton. Then comes the Montrose and the Cos d'Estournel.

The Lafite class brands, to the number of thirteen, include the Lagrange estate, the Palmer vantage, Mr Barton's Langoa and the Gondon-Segur.

In the fourth class must be ranged the Talbot, Mme Heme Chateau-Bycheville, at the Lafour-Carnet, and finally in the fifth, numbering seventeen, the Pontet-Canet, owned by M. Hermann Cruse, N Johnston's Dauzac and M Koenigswarter's Tetre.

As regards white wines the highest and best position is undoubtedly occupied by the Chateau Yquem, an old Visigothic country mansion, the possession of the heirs of the Marquis Bec Lurbalques. The wine from this estate is literally worth its weight in gold. The first class comprising nine estates, including Mme de Pontac's Arnieux, and the Countess Duchatel's Peyrguey.

Much might also be said of wines of the Champagne and Burgundy class. At Reims and at Epernay the firm of Cliquot annually buy grapes to the value of 1,000,000 francs, I understand, going hand in hand with purchases amounting to 3,500,000 francs, but these scarcely suffice to meet consumption in Russia and Belgium alone.

Austrian Army Accomplishments

N O Times Democrat.

Before the war it was quite fashionable for the young men of America to join the Austrian cavalry. This was not a step of disaffection. It was a step towards education. A man only carried three things in the Austrian cavalry, but he learned those three things well. He learned to dance, ride and fence. In fact, he reason why the Americans are the best waltzers in the world is because the waltz was imported into this country from Vienna. The four daughters of America learned their steps from the officers of the Austrian cavalry. The polka preceded the waltz, and the first time it was danced in New York, not more than forty years ago, the whole community was shocked. The participants in the measure were a foreigner and an American widow. The foreigner was the missing link, so to speak, in the evolution of the American round dance. The galop came later even than the waltz, and was brought over here by two young ladies who saw it danced for the first time in Baden-Baden. So we do take something from "furrin parts," after all.

A lady who was somewhat inclined to stand up for the rights of her sex was criticising an article in a newspaper. She stigmatized it as "making war upon woman." Sure," remarked a gentleman present, "there can be nothing wrong in making war upon women." The lady considered this remark unworthy of notice. "Because," added the gentleman, "making war upon women is simply laying siege to their hearts.—*New York Star.*

FOREIGN DISPATCHES.

Particulars of the Recent Storm in Canada.

DEATH OF HON HENRY FAWCETT

France Again Alarmed Over the Cholera Epidemic—The France-Chinese Trouble Off—World Notes—Etc.

QUEBEC, Nov 6—The loss by the high tide last night is now estimated at $250,000. There will be another high tide to-night, but it is not expected to be as damaging as that of yesterday. Dispatches from various points along the St Lawrence state that no such storm as that of last night has occurred for the past fifty years. So far no lives are reported lost. The Lasepebine fishery establishment, Robbins & Co and Lebouthillier Bros' places are considerably damaged, and several fishing boats were lost. At Little Metasis houses along shore were carried off, also boats, fences, bridges, etc. The shore is strewn with debris and household effects. The suffering is intense from cold and hunger.

At Isle the damage is estimated at $75,000. All the shops in the village were flooded, and the wharves were more or less damaged. The pavement and the streets were flooded, and the village is in a dilapidated condition.

A Mr Jane, Price Bros' wharf was carried away and several persons were obliged to leave their houses. The damage is about $5,000.

Considerable damage was done at Matowaic, but cannot be estimated at present.

A Tres Pistoles three yachts and a schooner were destroyed, a wharf was carried away and other damage done to the amount of $50,000.

Two ships which were seen off Kamouraska are missing. They may have lost their anchors or run from Quebec.

Two schooners at Brodypot broke their chains and went adrift.

At River Dulhup the old wreck the Margaret M was washed ashore and another schooner went ashore near there. The steamer Union had a very narrow escape from wrecking while lying at the wharf at Eboulement. The passengers are all landed at the commencement of the gale. The cargo was damaged by rolling and shipping of seas.

At Sandy Bar fourteen houses were carried away. Loss, about $20,000.

At Farther point the storm raged furiously during the night. Pilots of fifty years experience, who remained in the signal bureau all night, state that they never remember having seen and felt such storms. Waves mounted to a height of fifty to sixty feet. At one time during the night they fully expected to be washed out. To-day the water is still roaring and splashing. A party of fishermen was sent out with a pilot to board the steamship Lake Nepigon, on her way to Quebec, and returned in much awe of their number who were washed overboard and not afterward seen.

THE RECENT STORM

ST ANNE DES MONTS, Quebec, Nov 6—The storm of the 5th, which visited here, took much the shape of a cyclone. Fifteen houses were destroyed, a considerable quantity of wood which fishermen had in store was swept away, and fishing-boats were totally demolished, having drifted on the rocks. Several poor families who had stores their winter provisions in cellars have lost them. Roadways are destroyed by the floods, and bridges are washed away. At Cadres du Portage, Quebec, the storm was felt very severely. Three houses were swept away, a small wharf was knocked over, and three miles of fencing was carried off.

RIOT AT MONTREAL

MONTREAL, Nov 6—The celebrated convert, Rev Father Chiniquy, lecture in Russell hall last night. The hall was packed, but the audience was mostly opponents. Outside the hall a mob of about 2000 gathered. The proceedings were constantly interrupted and soon after the lecture commenced his audience refused to let him proceed. Men stood on the seats and window sills howling, hooting, and pelting upon each other the missiles they could make. Himself heard. Lamps and benches were broken, and broken glass was soon scattered over the hall. A strong force of police attempted to clear the hall, which they finally accomplished. A few of Chiniquy's friends remained to protect him. The mob then commenced throwing stones through the windows, and a good deal of damage was done. Several people were injured. The lights were turned out and the mob first at random, and then aimed to kill Chiniquy. Carriages were summoned, and while the police held back the crowd with batons Chiniquy and friends entered them, and rapidly drove off.

FATHER CHINIQUY AGAIN DISTURBED

MONTREAL, Oct. 7—Rev Father Chiniquy preached last night in the Canning street Presbyterian church, and was again interrupted by a band of young men, apparently students. The excesses of the night before, however were not repeated, and the disturbance was confined to shouts and yells, interspersed with lively skirmishes with the police. The students, after they were expelled from the church, marched through the streets singing, and giving hideous yells in passing any Protestant church. Several leaders of the crowd were severely clubbed by the police and removed to the hospital. One arrest was made.

MOODY AT MONTREAL

MONTREAL, Nov 6—D L Moody began a religious convention for Christian workers to-day, large crowds attending.

ENGLAND

A COMPLIMENT TO THE UNITED STATES

LONDON, Nov. 6—The steadiness of American securities on the stock exchange under election excitement, is a subject of comment by the press. The *Pall Mall Gazette* holds it as "this steadiness is a striking illustration of the stability of democratic institutions. A similar crisis in any other country would convulse prices. An election of fifty millions of people decides the fate of its government in a closely contested election, which is conducted with wild excitement from the shores of the Atlantic to the Pacific, with less effect upon the stock market than a report that King Alfonso had cold in his head would affect the Spanish Bourse."

A REDISTRIBUTION SCHEME.

LONDON, Nov 6—Northcote and Salisbury, conservative leaders, are preparing a scheme of redistribution, to be submitted to Parliament. It is reported their plan adheres to the principle of separation of urban from rural voters, and groups of small towns into single members constituencies. No towns will be entitled to distinct representation that have less than 10,000 inhabitants. The general tendency is to eliminate town influences from the country.

IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, Nov 6—Henry Labouchere, radical member for Northampton, gave notice that he intended to make a motion providing for a change in the relation of the house of lords and the house of commons, so as to prevent the conservatives from impeding legislation. Gladstone moved the second reading of the franchise bill.

The commons, after debate upon the franchise bill, adjourned in respect to the memory of Postmaster General Fawcett. Eulogies were pronounced by Northcote, Hartington, Justin McCarthy, Parnell, in behalf of the Irish nation, and an eloquent tribute to Fawcett.

THE ELECTION IN AMERICA.

LONDON, Nov 7—The announcement of the election of Governor Cleveland to the presidency of the United States is generally favorably received here. At the American exchange a daily register was opened for the informal registration of political opinions of visitors. The results to-day were as follows: Cleveland, 96, Blaine, 80.

DEATH OF HENRY FAWCETT.

LONDON, Nov 6—The Right Hon Henry Fawcett, postmaster general, is dead.

Postmaster-General Fawcett had been ill at his residence in Cambridge since Sunday last, with pleurisy and pneumonia, and was also expected his illness resulted in death.

POSTMASTER GENERAL FAWCETT'S SUCCESSOR.

LONDON, Nov 7—Thomas Shaw, member of parliament from Halifax, who has before been mentioned in connection with the postal department, has been appointed successor to the late Postmaster General Fawcett.

FORTS REPAIRED.

LONDON, Nov 7.—A dispatch from Foo Chow states that the Ki Pai forts have been repaired, guns mounted and torpedoes laid in the river, leaving a channel of only 100 feet in width. A return of the French fleet, however, is not anticipated.

TREATY

OF THE NORTHWEST.

WESTERN OREGON

eth, of Eugene City, was severely day, by slipping while getting into d in the fall breaking two ribs. Dr. ed the injury

EASTERN OREGON.

ay night a dastardly incendiary fire was committed at Canyon City. l Sred and wife were absen some from, and then set fire to the bed m returned to the house after some- fed and discovered the fire before it uch headway, and in time to pre- g a great deal of damage

City paper says We learn that the rty who shot the Indians a Long about 150 rounds into the Indian g down their tent poles and rd- generally The only reason why of more Indians wouldn't be ki- nd that on the ground and shots ssed over them One Indian was three places, and has probably died me

near granite, Grant county, is re- and of Indians were rising along met a Chinaman They stopped ng has arms around a tree behind propriated what money and other had about him and left. He is his position for some time, and til white man who chanced to be pass- d released him The negro's they robbed him of about $100, this do not speak well for our red if not checked they will soon be ex- with settlers and sheep men who ance from all

WASHINGTON TERRITORY

at of South Prairie coal during the f October amounted to 7567 tons, on Hill coal over 12,000 tons.

ber of pupils enrolled in the city eattle at present is 1067 total num- time last year was 867 increase,

Independent About forty of the iver Indians residing in Klickitat been in the city for a week taking erality, under the act of congress of They are selecting the lands on the e they have so long lived The ar- idual holdings will be under 60

a Walla *Statesman* says Never be- history of this country were the an immense harvest next year as The past year more than un- rea of land was summer fallowed owed the present fall. The grain looks beautiful and is already as some years in the spring. If a fall intervening warm weather as the othing can prevent the next harvest a most bountiful one

OMEN WITH BASKETS.

hich are Apt to Befall Poor, Lone es While Hang ng About the Rail road Depots in Chicago

P cks sm

o depots it has got so that men look n with baskets and bundles with sus- if a strange woman asks a man to sket or bundle for a minute, the man and skips out of the depot so quick c man thinks he is crazy Occasion- ger from the country will grant the lady to take care of a bundle for a hile she buys a ticket, but as very s that, he is in possession of a baby, a woman has disappeared There is at is much more annoying to a sensi- an to be sitting in a depot, and have eft in his charge for a moment, and wner of the package has gone, to contents of the package begin to hu thus surprised will turn pale, s face may be naturally red or e will listen to that cry at all the world believes him to be his e package and the more he tries to singular circumstances, the more look at him as though he was a bad ecks around for the author of his the baby cries, and he has to at- othe it. No man is constituted so as crying of a young babe, and all er- rren of results To see a man that aby left in his charge looking down ket and wishing he were dead, is a orrow that has only to be seen once mbered always The man immedi- rs what he is going to do with it. leave it in the depot, because he ccused of abandoning the child. He ut to take it home with him. Few uainted with the proper system of e home from a journey to Chicago, th them a baby No matter how man may have been all his life, to go a baby in a basket and tell his wife ge woman left it on his hands, would ot and suspicion in the minds of wives out of a hundred good they would suspicion that there was mblance existing between the baby ket carrier whether there was or hardest explanation a man is ever to make in this world is now on opened that an abandoned child falls f a child is abandoned somebody has ver it, and it is as liable to be one ther, but whoever it is, the wife call that it is a mere accident. Years the practices of people who instead to babies to go into a passenger train he baby on a seat, knowing that the uctor would see that the little one did It was considered quite a joke on one first, when a baby was found on and the paper would allude to the pleasant manner, and the boys the conductors orphan asylums, and ut the business became monotonous nile, and many good conductors rning pale when a woman ap- ear with a basket. It is hard conductor to explain to such us wife as it is for anybody and con- ves are as apt to have suspicions as wives, and it was not strange that who had reputations to maintain, seired peace in their families got in sawing off much unclaimed bar- the brakemen and parlor car porters nen and porters rather liked the ar- d notoriety of being breast fathers, but on a salary of sixty dollars a nkeman can't run many foundlings' hey jumped the game, and babies owed the present fall. The grain looks beautiful and is already as some years in the spring. If a fall intervening warm weather as the othing can prevent the next harvest a most bountiful one

The Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 8, 1884

SELLERS' GHOST.

John H. Raymond Haunted by his Own Great Character—The Bridge Story

St Louis Post-Dispatch.

"I'll match you for it." The "it" referred to in this sentence was a particularly toothsome looking dish of sweetbreads in cases, a la Reine Hortense, which a waiter had just opened on a table in the Southern hotel dining room, and the speaker was the eminent comedian, John T. Raymond. A *Post-Dispatch* reporter was lunching with Mr Raymond, and the waiter had by mistake brought one dish of sweetbreads instead of the usual number. The comedian had quite a hand in his pocket and assumed an earnest expression and countenance that would have brought down the house, "By jingo, I forgot!" he exclaimed, "I have sworn off." Raymond's ruling passion is one every one knows who knows him, is to match No matter where he is or under what circumstances he is ready to match anything from a punched copper to a gold watch piece. If he were on his death-bed, he would match nickels with the "Old Boy" for his immortal soul. "I'll tell you how I happened to swear off You know I am pretty good at a hand at matching, and sometimes I smash it and never once I promised to stop Well, I was playing an engagement—I won't tell where it was, because it was announced that I would appear for the last time in that city—and I was to appear for the last time that night. I happened to drop into a friend's room in the afternoon, and before we knew it we were matching for dollars. The company knew where I was, and luck was against me, and I was so deeply engaged in the game that I forgot all about the performance It was twenty minutes before I came to, and perhaps there wasn't a racket at the theater! Why, it is a fact that I had

KITCHED AWAY A WEEK'S RECEIPTS

out all the money I had about me It was time to stop. I took the company aside one by one and reckoned 'em once for a week's salary, and—"

"How's?"

"Short by a biased sight' Lost it.'

In the course of a lunch, in which Raymond made a record on Mallagatawny soup, lobster a la Delmonico, boiled halibut, spring chicken, sweetbreads, salads, pastry, desserts, and fruits, the reporter noticed that he did not touch a single vegetable. Remembering the gusto with which he tackled the turnips as Colonel Sellers, he was a little surprised at this, and took the liberty of commenting upon it.

"It is strange," said Mr Raymond, "but I never intellectually say that I never tasted a vegetable in my life. I don't know how a single vegetable in the whole list are usually served on the table tastes. I always did have an antipathy for them that I cannot get over I never could explain it and never could conquer it"

Mr Raymond then branched off on the difficulty in the way of a man who has created a character and made a name in it attempting to change to something else

"Why, people think," he said, "that I never existed before Colonel Mulberry Sellers, and was born with my hand in the air I had played nearly all of the comedy characters before I ever heard of Sellers, but it clings to me like a bad name. It's the same with Joe Jefferson and Rip Van Winkle.

HE IS ALWAYS RIP

To the public, no matter what else he may be playing, and with what consummate art he may take the character We all have our peculiarities of gesture, action and modulation. Both or any of them says 'to be, or not to be' this way," he comedian mimicked the tragedian, "and they all clap and cry out 'how grand' Then, again, in 'Othello,' 'most potent, grave and reverend seigniors,' with exactly the same modulation and action, and it is 'how magnificent' They don't say 'that is Booth or Hamlet,' but it is always Raymond. Is Raymond, or 'Egad, he is Sellers" Why, in 'Fresh I strike out from the shoulder thus, exactly opposite from the Sellers' gesture, and this 'Egad, he can't help being Sellers.' If I should appear on the stage as a grave and old man, they would say 'It is just like Sellers. I tried 'My Son,' a very pathetic play, once, and I saw two men looking at my lithographs I heard one of them say, 'Well, good lay—a good laugh.' I thought to myself, 'Oh boy, you'll be mistaken.' Well, the next day I saw the very same man standing before the picture, cursing it because they had gone to get a laugh and got a cry I took the play off. Why, in the great opera, when the old man says, 'I am getting down in the world,' and looking around quickly in his grief says, 'No, I am getting up in the world,' the audience thought it a cross to slaughter at once And never could get any one to understand that the change was intended, and was only an illustration of the jokes in humor and of the utter non-connection between tears and laughter They persistently thought it was

SEALERS CROPPING OUT IN MI

By the way Twain and Howells are writing a new Sellers for me—a sort of continuation of the old one'

Mr Raymond also indulged in a few reminiscences of his trip to England, and discussed the English theatres and audiences

"The English are supposed to be cold, but they are not. They are just. They insist on getting what they want give them that and you can not find warmer or more enthusiastic audiences. Mary Anderson has had a wonderful success, and it made a lump rise in my throat to see the reception that Daly's company received. It was so enthusiastic. The English won't stand any flower work. An actor or a play stands on its merits with them Every thing depends on the first night If you are good there you are gone There is no appeal from it. I knew my play was a failure if the audience laughed at the first act. They did not understand the thing in it. The mass of the people in England are

TOTALLY IGNORANT OF AMERICA

It's a blank wall to them. They know there is New York and Philadelphia, but what other New York is in Philadelphia or Philadelphia in the New York, or both some other place, they don't know The man who took the part of prosecuting attorney got himself a red shirt and a pair of big boots to wear, and I could hardly keep from going on the stage in them They never saw a stove over there a grate is a stove, and when the door of my stove fell off, and the candle inside, they wanted to know what the deuce I had a candle stuck in a stove for, and then turning on a luxury to them, when Lucia was told that she had to go on the stage, shrieked, '—— don't go on the stage, for God's sake!' and there was quite a hunt for me and to stop the performance for awhile. Nevertheless I like English audiences, because when they get a thing like they are enthusiastic I see that Irving story of mine going the rounds, but not as it actually occurred. The fact of it is, in spite of the ignorance of most Englishmen about America, I went into an optician's on Bond street with James R. Osgood to buy a pair of glasses. An old gentleman waited on us, and while I was scrutinizing over the stock he asked if we were not Americans, which, we confessed we were Then he went on to say that he had a daughter in Manitoba who he would like to visit, and asked me how far it was from New York to Chicago I told him Then he asked how it was from Chicago to Manitoba, and I told him. He was great, I admit, and at the distance he was shaky but his head over the prospect of not seeing his daughter He insisted, too, that his eyesight was failing him, and suggested as I made him sick 'Why,' said I, 'you're nothing but a sea voyage, here use they have to bridge from New York to Liverpool'

"What? said he, 'building a bridge across the sea?'

"Yes," said I. They had finished the first section when I left New York, and there will be no difficulty about the construction of the second was having something like the centre of the ocean

"It will take a long time to build it won't it?" he asked.

"Yes, no," I said, 'only about two or three years,' and he readily believed what I told him, and thanked me heartily for the information Now, Englishman asked me if we really had New York here in diamonds and America. He never dreamed, don't you know, that we didn't mean to say the city was three feet thick," replied he in astonishment.

"Oh, yes, I said, that is a common sized city with us.

"I tried to disabuse his mind afterward but I would not have it. He preferred the other.

At this time the reporter was nearly under the table, and the actor was pounding him on the back in General Josiah Allen's wife style, and he could be saved, and in the excitement of the scene things were done that would have been deemed impossible under other circumstances

SAVING VALUABLE CONTENTS.

"Not only most of the paintings were saved, some in their frames and others without them, but many statues, even groups heavy enough to tax the strength of several scores of men The archives of the records and of the supreme court were thrown out of the windows in the mad, hurried rush from there to wagons and carried away like rubbish in the utmost haste Owing to the direction taken by the conflagration and the feeble wind, he seemed to be no imminent danger to the royal library and the privy archive by quite different situated was The Waldsen's museum. Happily this construction is only of a moderate height Firemen and sailors climbed upon the roof and spread thick carpets and blankets kept wet by the engines, but as this was no thought to be protection enough, it was resolved to explode by dynamite a small pavilion connecting the palace with the church At 11 o'clock the order was given and a tremendous shock was heard all over the town The gap thus produced seemed to stop the flames At about 1 o'clock, after midnight, it seemed that the worst was over The firemen could certainly not be said to be masters of the conflagration, for they had nothing to do but to let it burn itself out between the three walls, but it could reasonably be hoped that the fire would be kept within the limits it had then attained This proved to be so As I am writing, on the evening of the 6th, the huge shell of the bare walls of the immense pile is still a confused sea of smoke and fire, but the other buildings have not been attacked Too loss in money will be very considerable and many objects of high value are destroyed

A political consequence of the burning of the castle will be that the Folkething must be adjourned It was to meet on Monday, the 6th inst., but now new places of meeting will have to be found for the two chambers.

It at all Copenhagen was astir all night and that the town has been thrown into intense excitement is a fact on which there is no need to dwell It must be said that the populace behaved extremely well and that no mob, no gangs of criminals, tried to turn the disturbances to account. The king, who is still residing with the royal family at Bernstorff, some three or four miles from town, has just held a cabinet council and had invited the ministers to dinner The party had scarcely sat down a table when a telegram brought the sad news His majesty and the crown prince at once mounted and sped to Copenhagen. The king went through the royal apartments just before the fire reached them and had to be warned against dwelling any longer in the highly dangerous neighborhood As was to be expected, some lives are lost Three or four grooms of the artillery were crushed by a falling roof, several firemen were severely hurt by jumping in other and an officer of the royal navy had his face torn by splinters from the dynamite explosion

ABSENT MINDED PEOPLE

A Hotel Clerk Gossips About People who Forget.

Washington Star

"Can you—ah-er—can you tell me the number of my room?"

"Yes, sir—95"

"Ah! thank you—guess—it—I'll go and get ready for dinner," and the absent-minded man lounged away tow ards the elevator The hotel clerk looked after the slowly-vanishing guest, and then turning to a *Star* reporter, who was standing near, said

"That man is a holy terror I've seen all kinds of men since I've been in this business, but he is the great original forgetter He has been here now for three days, and I have to watch him like a baby. I'll bet he'll either forget his way to his room, or when he gets there he won't know why he went there."

"What is he, a genius?" asked the reporter

"I suppose so he's an inventor and he don't know anything but cogs and wheels. He ate two breakfasts this morning, he ordered his lunch sent to his room yesterday, forgot about it, came down to the office, bought a New York paper and read until 5 P M. He then came up to my desk and inquired calmly of me what it was he had asked for a little while before. I didn't know, and he then remarked in a casual way that it was not water until I guess I've asked the waiters and found out about the lunch. It's laughable to see, but it's not so funny for me, because if I don't take care of him he will surely attack the reputation of the hotel as soon as he gets away"

"Do you have many of these characters to look after?" inquired the listener

"Not half one like him, said the clerk "He's the worst, but we have several many guests who exhibit signs of preoccupation Perhaps the commonest example of absentmindedness which I have to regard to door keys. In the winter, when the stoves are roaring a dozen or more keys will have to be replaced every two days A guest going away with five quantities forgets to leave the key in the door of his room or at the desk, and will put it in his pocket so we have to replace it The house carpenter is about as good a locksmith as any in the city, and has a running job to make them Then people leave articles of wearing apparel and keys in the wash-bowls of the rooms, and when they arrive at the depot they find they have left their trunk keys behind them. Well, if all the guests were like him we would have a picnic all the time. He is a good fellow and all that, but he is the limit"

CONFIDENCE MISPLACED

When Frank left the ranger he felt much elated at the success of his mission. He crossed the Rio Grande at Presidio del Norte and amused himself for four days with hunting and fishing, in the course of which he was quite successful. Then he started for Monterey, and there supplied himself with a good outfit and a pack-mule, and began his journey. He had not proceeded far when a terrific storm burst upon him, and he sought shelter among the rocks. He was thus enabled to keep his animals together, which otherwise would have strayed in the darkness. Next morning the storm was over, and he resumed his journey. He had not gone many miles when he met a party of Mexicans, who informed him that a band of Comanches had been committing depredations in the neighborhood, and that they had driven off a number of horses. Frank, however, was not much alarmed, as he thought it unlikely that the Indians would venture so far south. He had not gone much farther when he met a second party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches had driven off all the horses they had met with, and were in full pursuit of him. Frank now began to feel rather uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a third party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a fourth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a fifth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a sixth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a seventh party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met an eighth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a ninth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a tenth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met an eleventh party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a twelfth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a thirteenth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a fourteenth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a fifteenth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a sixteenth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a seventeenth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met an eighteenth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a nineteenth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a twentieth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a twenty-first party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a twenty-second party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a twenty-third party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. 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He had not gone many miles when he met a thirtieth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a thirty-first party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a thirty-second party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. 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He had not gone many miles when he met a forty-second party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a forty-third party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a forty-fourth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. 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He had not gone many miles when he met a eighty-first party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a eighty-second party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a eighty-third party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. 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He had not gone many miles when he met a ninety-sixth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a ninety-seventh party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a ninety-eighth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a ninety-ninth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundredth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundred and first party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundred and second party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundred and third party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundred and fourth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundred and fifth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundred and sixth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundred and seventh party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundred and eighth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he urged his horse forward at a quicker pace. He had not gone many miles when he met a one hundred and ninth party of Mexicans, who told him that the Comanches were close behind him, and that they had driven off all the horses they had met with. Frank now began to feel very uneasy, and he ur

The Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 8, 1884

A MISTAKE AND ITS FRUITS

There is little reason to doubt that the republican party is defeated. So close is the contest that a long time has been required to ascertain the result, and we cannot have it yet with the definiteness we could wish. If the result shall prove to be as we now think it—if the republican party is to go out of power—it goes not through misconduct in its administration of the government, but through mismanagement on the part of its masses in the nomination of a candidate. Without aid from the republicans the democratic party never could win a national victory. That party is deeply distrusted, its history is against it, and the republicans who have voted to put it into power have done so with many misgivings as to the experiment.

The republican party has been sacrificed by a mistake, of which many foresaw the danger and feared the consequences. In the selection of candidates "availability" is no. to be despised. It was perfectly manifest to all persons of clear perception and sufficient information that Mr Blaine was the least "available" of men. There was fatal weakness in his positive strength. The case is like that of Henry Clay forty years ago. But so strong is the republican party in its history and achievements that only its own mistake could have worsted it.

Of men who would have made "available" candidates, in the best sense of the term, there was no lack. Perhaps the most judicious choice would have been Senator Sherman of Ohio. He is a man of eminent abilities and large experience, he is quiet, conservative, safe and popular. He would have carried Ohio in October by a great majority, and would have had the solid support of the great business classes of New York and the entire country an earnest republican he would have drawn out the whole republican vote and would have held he independents who have rejected Blaine. his career has been so open, so honorable, so clear as to defy attack. his nomination would have awakened no rival ries nor jealousies, and he would have carried every northern state. But there was an insanity in the republican masses that called for the nomination of Blaine and flouted and scouted those who attempted to show that his career had been such as to make it impossible that he should receive the united republican vote. His quarrel with the New York "stalwarts" was one of the causes that led to his defeat. Garfield carried Oneida county where Conkling lives, by 1946 majority, Blaine carries it by only 28. As Cleveland's majority is but 1000 or less, the district person can now see to what consequence the infatuation that demanded Blaine and insulted those who counseled disinterestedly against his nomination, has led.

One of the qualities necessary to success in politics as in all other affairs is prudence, the point product of information and of careful judgment. Last spring when THE OREGONIAN gave its counsel against the nomination of Mr Blaine and presented in support of it the very reasons which now appear, so clearly in the result, its editor was spoken of sneeringly by not a few upstarts, who declared that "Blaine must have snubbed him somewhere" and that this was "the secret of his opposition to Blaine's nomination." That Blaine was the strongest man for the Pacific states whom the republicans could nominate this journal did not question, and the returns of the election prove it. No other man could have won California by so large a majority. Probably no other republican would have done so well in Oregon, or carried Nevada at all. But it was apparent that the election was to be decided in New York, and that there was no judgment in nominating the man who would be protested there. THE OREGONIAN deeply regrets the result. It has fallen on the republican party as on the whole the country's most efficient agent of good government, and feels that its reverse was the consequence of a superciliious ignorance that spurned prudent counsel and disabled sound judgment. It now leaves to those who were actuated by this superciliious ignorance the task of chanting the refrain. It might have been

THE OREGONIAN doesn't "give up the election, because it has no action to give up. It is a newspaper and desires to publish correct information. On the basis of its telegrams it is forced to the conclusion that Cleveland has a small plurality in New York, and is therefore elected. No newspaper, if it credits the evidence before it, can afford to parle with a matter of this kind. The republican committees still claim that Blaine is elected, but they furnish no satisfactory statement. The weight of evidence is decidedly in favor of the claim that Cleveland has a plurality. It could it turn out otherwise on the official count there would be a result which, as greatly as we desire, we do not expect. And, moreover, should it still turn that there is a plurality for the Blaine electors, the above remarks as to the utter want of judgment evinced in the nomination of Blaine would be a whit less apposite and true.

THE TRIBAL STATE

In what has proved to be the most important factor in the problem the estimates of the newspapers on both sides, and of sober minded men generally, have turned out to have been correct. New York was the pivotal state and no one could tell before the votes were counted how it would go. The keenest politicians when uttering their honest opinions, confessed that the silent, unknown vote of that state was an indeterminate quantity so large that upon confident estimate could be made respecting the result. In presidential elections New York has been a doubtful state for more than the years that the republican party has existed and it has been growing more uncertain every four years since the Freemont campaign. Freemont had a plurality of 80,000, but a minority of more than 50,000. Lincoln, the first time, a plurality of 50 000, but the second time a majority of less than 7000. In 1868 the democrats carried the state by a majority of 18,000. In 1872 Grant had a plurality of 53 000. Then the majority swung to the other side. Tilden receiving nearly 33,000, and in 1880 a change of 21,000 votes gave the state to Garfield by a plurality of 1 000. In seven presidential elections before this one New York went republican five times, but of the last four majorities two were democratic. The state was very doubtful before the candidates of either party were nominated this year, and the doubt was visibly increased by the character of the nominations on both sides. In view of the situation, therefore it must be admitted that both parties took an extraordinary risk when they nominated the men who were regarded by the most dispassionate observers as most likely of all the candidates before the conventions to run behind expression of unknown weight in their respective parts in the parole state. The nomination of both Blaine and Cleveland was made not only in opposition to powerful processes, but in defiance of protest. The opponents of Mr Blaine and the opponents of Mr Cleveland were alike treated with open scorn and the loyal party men on both sides among the protestants were compelled to give such an unwilling support to nominations regularly made as in thousands of cases amounted to the form of a forlorn hope. The doubt which is harassing the country and the extremely narrow escape of successful candidates from defeat are universally acknowledged to have been the immediate result of the nominations. But in no other state do the candidates of both parties stand so equally balanced as in New York, and the difference between the candidates of the two parties for governor, the important executive office, is not as great as the difference between the candidates for president. If the two sets of voters are not to be regarded, as respects the principle of the votes. There is another lesson to be shown by the result, of importance to practical managers and full of encouragement to the people—that it is safer to rely the worst elements in a party than to defy the best.

China is buying large quantities of munitions of war in Europe and America. If she could only give out a large contract for furnishing damage to her arms, the war would assume a serious complexion for France.

ADVICE TO YOUNG MEN

It is estimated that Minnesota has this year raised 42,000,000 bushels of wheat, which commands an average of sixty-three cents in Minneapolis and St. Paul. The net average cost of a bushel of wheat in the small farms and the larger and more favored farms of the Red river valley is estimated at forty-eight cents. The average freight rates for hauling wheat from points two hundred miles west or north of the market cities is twelve cents per bushel, to which must be added three cents more for elevator and other handling charges, thus bringing the average cost of wheat up to sixty-three cents, or just the price paid for the No 2 grade, to which the bulk of the product belongs. With the cheap freight between the Missouri river and the Atlantic coast, the Philadelphia *Times* says that "twelve cents for transporting sixty pounds of freight an average distance of two hundred miles is surely an exorbitant one, which shows how thoroughly competition has reduced freight charges to a reasonable minimum." Pa., "no marked reduction in freight charges can be expected until active competition shall bring it, while the decline in the foreign demand for our wheat is not likely to raise the price to such a figure as shall make it the profitable business of former days."

The *Times*, therefore, concludes that "so far as the wheat growing region is concerned this appears to be a very good time to say to the young men "Don't go west." This may be very good advice. It accords with what THE OREGONIAN has many times said about the wheat business, and it applies as well to this state as to Minnesota. There is this difference, however, in favor of Oregon. The climate and soil of this state admits of much greater variety of agriculture than those of Minnesota. The climate alone offers immensely superior inducements to immigrants. Mr Haldeman, the proprietor of the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, who visited this state a year ago, said that when the mildness and salubrity of our climate were fully understood, a great many people would come here to live for that reason alone. He said that people who had always lived in the cold and severe climate of the northern tier of states did not appreciate the advantages of such a climate as this, and, therefore, he was surprised that we did not magnify its excellences more, instead of virtually admitting that it was extremely wet by our jokes about "webfeet." Living as he does, in an exceptionally fine climate for agriculture as well as for health and the enjoyment of life in the open air, Mr Haldeman was able to speak with intelligence and authority respecting the climate of western Oregon, which resembles that of Louisville except that it is not so hot in summer and therefore more agreeable. Justice Miller of the supreme court fulminated the people of Portland on the occasion of his last visit here during the past summer on the great comfort of living in such a climate. Therefore we say to all who are seeking new homes, where they can raise everything they require for comfortable living and something besides wheat to sell, and have a mild and beautiful climate that Oregon still offers inducement superior to those of any western state. The people who came here first and have been here the longest like the country as an abiding place best. There are opportunities here to do many things more profitable than raising wheat. There is no state or territory which is capable of sustaining such a diversified agriculture and offers so many opportunities for manufactures, which, has all the same time, so fine a climate as Oregon. So far as the opportunities of establishing pleasant homes in a land of plenty and comfort it is a very good time to say to the young men "If you are going west don't stop before you get to Oregon."

CATHOLIC COUNCIL

A council of Catholic prelates is about to sit in Baltimore which will attract much attention on the part of Protestants as well as on the part of adherents of Rome. It will be remembered that the date of the council was deferred from October, 1883, until after the presidential election, owing, it was surmised by certain Protestants, to the rumors that the chief purpose of the conference was to be the consideration of methods for the extension of the political power of the pope in America. The assemblage of all the archbishops, bishops, heads of religious houses abbots, principals of church colleges and chief men of the religious orders of the Roman Catholic church in the United States will afford an impressive exhibition of the growth of he church of Rome in the new world. It is believed that the Vatican reckons a population of nearly 10,000,000 in this country as in allegiance to the pope, and the increase by birth and immigration is still very rapid. A more thorough organization is necessary for the proper administration of the affairs of so vast a denomination, and the work of the approach ng council will be scrutinized very closely by intelligent people of all classes. The last plenary council was held in Baltimore in 1866, and the contrast between the Roman Catholic church in the United States as it was then and it is now is astonishing. Archbishop Gibbons will this month preside over one of the most remarkable of recent ecclesiastical assemblies, and although the proceedings will be secret, doubtless enough will be disclosed to give observers a suggestion of the future policy of the Vatican in America. An absurd hatred of the Catholic church, once very prevalent, gave currency and credit to the assertion that the church was hostile to republican institutions. Fortunately this prejudice and hatred are now fast wearing out.

The peace of Europe means much more than rest from war. It means the continuance of the present agitation among the people for reforms of governmental abuses, and extension of popular liberty. The essentially peaceful rule of Gladstone in England has afforded the opportunity for a movement of the people in favor of an extended franchise. The present temper of Bismarck's administration is also essentially peaceful, and hence arises there the hum of discussion, in which the strongest notes are those of pronounced radicals and seekers for a new political regime. In Norway and Sweden, where peace is a garment never laid aside, there is steady progress in wearing away forms and traditions incompatible with popular rule. The Belgians have in their midst a party composed of men like M Paul Janson, who has just triumphed in the Brussels municipal election, who has pledged to universal suffrage. Such a movement conditions prevail in Portugal, where a change in the electorate is probable. But the reverse is true in France, where M. Ferry's plans for foreign conquest seem to stifle all thought of reform in electoral matters. The continuance of peace, where free thought and free discussion are permitted, will hasten the time when the barriers against all forms of tyranny will be broken down. Monarchies are sustained not merely by the force of arms, but by the diversion of the minds of the people from their oppressions by means of wars and schemes of foreign conquest.

It is an unpleasant thing to realize suddenly that you have been on the wrong side of all political questions during twenty five years to find at a mistake to have prevented the spread of slavery and finally to have abolished it, to have quelled the rebellion, restored the union, adopted the constitutional amendments, extended civil rights to millions of people, protected the public credit, and done all the things which an opposing party has striven to prevent or defeat. It brings you up with a round turn when you find you were all wrong during all this time, and sets you to thinking whether political amnesty will ever reach you, or whether you will be permitted to live in a country which you went wrong, so much.

On the morning after the election the hall leading to the rooms of the state democratic committee on Washington street was strewn with prohibition tickets and beer and whisky bottles. The combination told eloquently how Jeff and his brethren had "worked" the campaign.

The republican party is not rejected by the country. Its present reverse is due to the vote of the solid south, which remains democratic because it was rebel. In the northern states—that is, in the United States proper—the republican majorities beside an immense majority. Had the Confederate states been counted in our elections during the war, as they now are, the republican party would have been overthrown. Had all the southern states been in the count in 1868 Grant would have been beaten. A mistaken nomination has now broken the solid north and let the solid south in.

And another thing may now be remarked, to wit: The legislature of Oregon to assemble in January, will elect a senator without particular reference to appointments to Federal offices in the state.

Are you not sorry that you were not a northern democrat of the pro-slavery secession stripe, or a southern democrat of the fire-eating rebel stripe, so you, too, could rejoice in this glorious day?

It is probable that the democratic majority in the next house of representatives will be about twenty-five—a reduction of nearly fifty from the majority in the present house.

In the California legislature the republicans have forty-nine votes on joint ballot. Certainly five, and perhaps all six of their candidates for congress are elected.

And Jefferson Davis, that long-suffering and much misunderstood individual, he, too has lived to see the day! He feels now like a bigger man than old Grant.

Out of it all there are sundry little consolations. For instance, it is better for the country that the solid south has won this election than to have seen it win the battle of Gettysburg.

Jay Gould now sufficiently indicates which side he was on during the campaign. He is the first man to send congratulations to Cleveland.

Atlanta is painted red for the first time since old Tecumseh Sherman was there in 1864. At last the southern man has his day to rejoice.

PROGRESS AMONG THE INDIANS

The Hon Hiram Price, commissioner of Indian affairs, has just made his annual report to the secretary of the interior. The document is full of important facts and suggestions pertaining to a subject that interests all Americans. One thing is proven beyond any question by Mr Price, and that is the necessity for enlarged appropriations for the various purposes of the Indian bureau. The present democratic congress has a long roll of offenses to answer for, not the least of which is the cutting down of the estimates of the Indian commissioner for the current year. The misfortunes of the Pagans, Blackfeet, and other Indians on the far northern reservations need not be recounted here. Suffice it to say that the entire disappearance of game and the inability of these tribes to support themselves at present by agriculture, must make them dependent to several years to come upon the bounty of the government. The papers have been full of accounts of their suffering this past summer for want of food. Commissioner Price vindicates the bureau, and shows that the neglect of congress to pass the appropriation bill until the end of the session, and the curtailment of the bureau's estimates, are solely responsible for the disgraceful and sad condition of the people on the reservations mentioned. This method of seeking to establish a reputation for economy is quite characteristic of a democratic congress.

There prevails in somewhat vague form, the impression that each Indian receives a handsome annual income from the United States treasury and that the whole aboriginal race is supported in idleness and luxury at the expense of the tax paying pale faces. On this point Mr Price cites some telling figures. "The Indians actually get," says the commissioner "of the money belonging to the government to feed and clothe them, only about $7 per annum per capita, or a fract on less than 2 cents a day for each Indian. But a soldier costs the country $365 a year. The soldiers are chiefly employed on the frontier to maintain order in the Indian country. Mr Price most pertinently dwells upon the bad economy of this arrangement. More liberal grants of money for the purpose of teaching and civilizing the Indian would make the costly military establishment unnecessary in a few years. Mr Price insists that the present Indian appropriation is much too small, "if it is expected to transform the Indians from being wild roving nomads, into peaceable, industrious and self-supporting citizens in any reasonable time."

In spite of the embarrassments arising from paucity of funds, the bureau reports a gratifying progress in the direction of civilizing the Indians. "More Indians are living in houses and fewer in tepees than there were one year ago, more are cultivating the soil and fewer following the chase than when I made my last annual report. There are more in the carpenter, blacksmith and other mechanical shops learning to earn an honest living, and fewer at the war dance, scalp dance and sun dance than in October, 1883." The system of Indian police on the reservations and of Indian courts in connection with agencies is accomplishing very satisfactory results in the direction of internal order and good behavior. These courts are proving instrumental in the abolition of some of the most barbarous and pernicious of Indian customs.

The true economy of liberal provision for education is so palpable that the shortsightedness of withholding money for common schools is so universally admitted, that it seems almost incredible that Indian children are growing up in ignorance on many reservations for the sole reason that congress will not appropriate the necessary money. As it is, there is substantial progress reported in the educational work. Compulsory education is having trial in four agencies, and will be extended throughout the Sioux reservations when school houses have been provided. Several hundred more Indian children are attending an industrial, agricultural and mechanical schools than a year ago.

Among the recommendations made by the commissioner is an increased number of agency farmers, better pay for the Indian police, and more liberal compensation for the officers who compose the "courts of Indian offenses." "More liberality in paying Indian agents, and assisting such Indians as show a disposition to help themselves would be true economy." A law prohibiting the sale of arms and ammunition to the Indians is urgently needed. Congress is also asked to increase the penalty for selling liquor to the Indians. The erection of hospitals on such agencies as now have none is shown to be advisable. A large part of the report is devoted to the attempts of such adventurers as Payne to trespass on the Indian Territory, and it is recommended that the law be so amended as to make such offenses punishable by imprisonment as well as by fine.

Mr Price has shown himself to be a most industrious and intelligent official, and his ample knowledge of the Indian question is not to be doubted. It is, therefore, reassuring to know that so competent a witness can give testimony like that contained in the following sentence: "Taken altogether the unofficial view of the situation warrants the belief that some time in the near future it is fair to presume that, with the aid of such industrial, mechanical and agricultural schools as are now being carried on, the Indian will be able to care for himself and be no longer a burden but a help to the government."

The Ancient Cities of America.

Tucson, A. T., is an ancient city. Antedating Jamestown and Plymouth, and visited first in 1540 by Coronado, it saw its first European settlers in 1680, and its first missionaries in 1691. But long before the year 1540 there was an Indian village established on the site of the present city, so that he Tucsonians can, if they please, claim an age for their town as great as Santa Feans claim for theirs. For all practical purposes, however, 1540 is a date sufficiently far away, and if Tucson only continues to ump ope with age, or become as good as she is old, much may be expected of the place. Built by the Spaniards, who brought so much religion to the people whom they conquered, San Xavier (Saint Xavier) is to-day one of the largest, as it is one of the best preserved, of all the churches built during the years of the Spanish occupancy of the Southwest. Riding from Tucson for nine miles up the valley of the Santa Cruz river, one has glimpses from time to time through the groves of live oak and muskeet trees of the white walls and graceful towers of the church as they stand clearly outlined against the sky beyond. It was down this valley of the Santa Cruz, which is to-day attracting so much attention as an agricultural section that Coronado marched on his way from Old Mexico in 1540, and before the advent of this intrepid explorer and ever since, the valley has been inhabited by the Pimago Indians, whose adobe houses with thatched roofs are scattered along the road leading to the mission.

No well regulated household should be without bonds. Augustus Sisters, the world renowned appetizer and invigorator. Beware of cupidities. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Cross' "Life of George Eliot" is chiefly photographs, giving details of her mental evolution, her literary development, domestic life, alliance with Lewes and other friendships.

Gen Bradley T Johnson declares emphatically that Whittier's heroine, Barbara Frietchie never saw a confederate soldier, and that "Stonewall Jackson did no pass anywhere near her house."

The editors of Charles Dickens' correspondence, in London, have discovered his diary. It contains directions while editor for the conduct of the *Daily News*. Subjects for leaders are noted also instructions regarding their treatment.

The duke of Wellington was once in great danger of being drowned at sea. It was bedtime, when the captain of the vessel came to him and said "It will soon be all over with us." "Very well," answered the duke, "then I shall not take off my boots."

The lake at Windermere, England, which has always been spoken of as a beautiful body of water well stocked with fish, has been declared to be an immense cesspool, and it has been proven to be the receptacle of drainage from neighboring mansions.

MEETING NOTICE

Shipwright and Caulkers Union.—There will be a meeting this evening at 8 o'clock sharp at their hall. All members are requested to be present. By order of COMMITTEE.

DIED

In this city, Nov 6, Mrs. W. J. Hamilton, aged 37 years. The funeral will take place from the house of her husband, 1 block south of Mount Tabor, on Sunday, Nov 9, at 10 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

Advertisements such as Wants, Help Wanted, To Let" For Sale etc., will be inserted for 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line thereafter. No insertion for less than 30 cents and cash must be paid at the counter. No bill for collection less than 50 cents.

Deaths, Marriages and Births, 50 cents each. Resolutions of Condolence 10 cents per line. All transient advertising payable in advance.

CARTWRIGHT, English watchmaker (formerly with Stimer), Yamhill, but 1st and 2d.

NOVEMBER STYLES Butterick's Patterns at Wass, Hair Store, 83 Yamhill street.

NEW TO-DAY.

LOT WILL SELL TO CLOSE OUT A JOB LOT of three dozen cuff chains a piece at $10 each. 6n tf

I AM DETERMINED TO REDUCE MY STOCK of cloaks and hang up the finest selected stock in Portland, bought and manufactured for $2 gold pieces. I am no doubt able to make the prettiest cheapest sale in cloaks ever attempted by any merchant in the city. MRS. E. LEVY.

HOUSE FOR RENT AND FURNITURE FOR sale in No 11 cor Sixth and Burnside. 7nd1

NOTICE—I HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC that I will not pay any bills contracted by any person other than myself unless upon written order signed by me. T. W. SESS.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL OR WOMAN TO take charge of children. Apply S W cor Mill and Ninth sts.

FOR RENT—2 FURNISHED AND 1 UNFURnished rooms 22 First st near Salmon st.

WANTED—A GOOD OFFICE DESK. MUST BE cheap for cash. Cylinder preferred. W M B care Oregonian.

A NEW PIANO IN THE FIELD—THE OPERA sold on at the introductory price $81 at W G JEVE ALLEN & Co's Music Store, 154 Third st. 6n

TO LEASE—FOR A TERM OF YEARS SIX 5 room houses, corner Ankeny and Twelfth streets. Inquire of D HOLMAN, 109 Second st. 6n2tf

CIGARS—FOR A REAL GOOD CIGAR TRY Goodenbach's 5c straight, at manufactory No 59 Morrison st. 6n3

THREE NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR housekeeping, 413 Fifth st. 6n

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED LARGE front room, suitable for a gentleman with all modern improvements, at 205 Tenth st. 6n1f

BARGAIN—A GOOD CHANCE TO SECURE A fine Upright piano for sale cheap at 145 Sixth st., Portland Or. 6

VISITING CARDS—50 HANDSOME CARDS for 25c. Send 25 cents to I. R. ANDERSON, 25 First street, Portland, Or. 6n4

ENGRAVED STAMPING PATTERNS MANufactured at east en prices at S. Hartman & Co's. For and cr P O Box 506. Send for price list. 6n

HANDKERCHIEFS AND SATIN FOR HAT bands. Grosvenor and Page's, 7 Sherry's when in Portland. Bands made to order. 6n

TO PROPERTY OWNERS—WE HAVE A LIMITed number of applications for no sod and acreage—more than we can fill. Owners who do not wish their property to remain idle will do well to place it in our hands. CREIGHTON & CO, 135 Sansome st. 6nf

BARK CYRUS DONKIN, CAPT STEPHENS from Carnival. Neither the master nor the undersigned consignees of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts that may be contracted by the crew. TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO, Consignees.

BARK WOODPIELD, CAPT DAVIES, FROM Montevideo. Neither the master nor the undersigned consignees of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts that may be contracted by the crew. TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO, Consignees.

WANTED, BY A PHYSICIAN GRADUATE OF the drug business a location to practice, or an partner for country practitioner. Address for one week PHYSICIAN care Oregonian office. 6n1wk

$5000 WANTED—FOR 1 OR 2 YEARS ON real estate security. Good valuable property. Address M E, care this office. 6n

WANTED—HOUSE OF 5 OR 6 ROOMS FURnished or unfurnished. House must be in good repair and in good location. Address R P A, P O Box 1267 6n

SITUATION WANTED AS A GOOD COOK AND laundress in a private family by a young girl. Call at Burton House, 6n

LOST—A KEY OF THE CHARM A REward will be paid if returned to W B STRIBLE, Fort of Washington st. 6n1f

OUR PARK HAS CREASED TO BE A NUMBER of the Bus of Portland & Co's Omnibus Line will be continued under the old name by the undersigned, of which Louis Park is not a member. 6n1

HOP CHONG & CO.

WANTED—TO MAKE THE VOYAGE TO Europe in a sailing vessel. A woman to act as companion and nurse for the wife of a shipmaster. An excellent opportunity for a person wishing to visit the Europ. Ship will sail in about ten days. Apply immediately with references to W. F. PENDER, Douglas Flust & d Ash. 6n5

BOARD OF TRADE

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING OF THE Board of Trade will be held at its rooms in New Market block on Monday evening, the 10th inst, at 8 o'clock. no 10 F. K. ARNOLD, Sec.

PORTLAND BOX FACTORY.

G. W. BATES, SUCCESSOR TO JOHN HARLOW & CO. Orders promptly filled. Factory, Weidler's Saw Mill. Office room 10, First National Bank building.

NEW YORK STATE

PATENT BUCKWHEAT and VERMONT MAPLE sugar at SEALY, MASON & CO'S, 103 First st. Te

OIL, NO BLOOD EFFECTS.

BREATHE VITALIZED AIR FOR PAINLESS extraction of teeth. Set of teeth $10 best $15. PIKEN BROS. Dentists, room 5 Union block. 6n4

PAVILION SKATING RINK

NOW OPEN.

AFTERNOON—from 2 to 4.30
EVENING (from 7.15 to 10
SATURDAY EVENING to 10.30
Admission—Afternoon and evening 25c
Music nights 50c
Ladies, afternoon and evening Free
Ladies' Skating Check 25c
Good order will be enforced. No objectionable characters allowed on the pavilion.
H. LOOMIS, Manager.

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM.

DRUGGISTS AND PHYSICIANS—WE WILL supply you at wholesale or retail with medical galvanic electric belts, also magnetic electric lung shields, and the best electro magnetic medical machines—sure cure for cold feet. Blood is also the best remedy purifies the blood, braces the system, cures when all else fails. Sent by mail registered free. Our great success for two years. Hundreds attend. The doctor treats hundreds daily with his magnetic electric batteries and medical appliances. Write or call and see us. Free consultation. ELECTRIC MANUFACTURING CO, 19 Bush Market. Correspondence strictly confidential. Offices and rooms in all departments same old stand, corner Third and Morrison. P O box 501. No 15 Third st., Portland. Sweep the continent from ocean to ocean.

Early Closing.

Until further notice our store will be closed at 6 o'clock P M.

SATURDAYS EXCEPTED.

Olds & King,

186 First St.

Established in the 1857

J. C. CARSON,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Window and Plate Glass and General Building Supplies

Mouldings and Price Lists on application. Orders by mail or telegraph promptly attended to.

Factory at Woolens Mill.

Salesroom cor Third and Ash sts.

CIDER.

FRESH AND SWEET MADE OF GOOD, SOUND, Ripe Apples, direct from the press, or boiled to any desired consistency. Furnished to order in quantities to suit. For sale by the barrel address A. WHEELER, Sheedy, Lane county, Or. 16n

WANTS.

WANTED—LEASE OF 20 GOOD ACRES WITH dwelling. Address W S C, care Oregonian. 6n

BOARDERS—SINGLE MEN AT STRICTLY temperance house, second floor, sunny rooms, single or en suite, $5 to $6 per week; business, residences and home like accommodations. Nothing to eat from some common dishes will satisfy. Enter the MARINER'S HOME corner Third and Pine.

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHAPPELL UPRIGHT piano, nearly new, cheap for cash. Address CHAPPELL, Oregonian office. 6n

$2500 WANTED ON CITY REAL ESTATE for 18 months; will net 10 per cent. Address LOAN, Oregonian office. 185

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—50 TO MAKE BOXES TO MAKE TIES by the piece. Apply to J. H. GODFREY, opposite Ankeny st. R R.

GIRLS WANTED FOR PLAIN COMMERCIAL work. MISS PLATO, Dekum bldg.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

POSITION WANTED BY A WOMAN AS A nurse with sick person or as housekeeper. Apply 12 Fourth st. 7n3

SITUATION WANTED BY GOOD COOK TO DO general housework in a small American family. Call 20 Second, rear B and F. 7n2

WANTED—A CLERICAL SITUATION BY A young married man who has come to stay; good references. Address A. L., care this office. 6n4

AN EXPERT ACCOUNTANT ABLE TO CORrespond in foreign languages, wishes employment. Address A. P., care this office. 4n7

GIRLS WANTING WORK CAN FIND PLENTY at MRS. PLATO'S Dekum block.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOK KEEPER BY a young lady. Can give references and has had experience. Can also refer to employer. Address Dodsworth Insurance Agency, No 2 First st. 4n7

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—TO CANVASS. NO EXperience needed; wages $3.50 per day. HALL-WORTH MFG CO, 122 Fourth st., Albina, P. M.

SURE EARNINGS.—ASBELL & CO'S GREAT combination of Xmas Books. Two agents (experienced) apply at once for terms of principal owner. 30n J. K. GILL & CO'S, 2 First st.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED SOLICITING agents. Active men of steady habits and good address can find permanent employment. Apply to the Singer Manufacturing Co, 46 Morrison st. 5n4wf

BUSINESS SPECIALS

STOCK OF HAIR GOODS AND CHAINS MADE at lowest prices. MRS. WHARTON, 94 Morrison.

PERSONAL INSTRUCTION IN SHORT HAND given evenings at Eagle House by a practical stenographer of long experience in office work. Address E. H. ANTHONY, Clock box 40. 5n4

MADAM MILPAH, CLAIRVOYANT AND GREAT REVEALER OF CLAIR-voyant and Fortune Telling Cards. Madam Milpah is gifted with second sight and has a remarkable power as a medium.

FOR A CHOICE LOT OF COFFEE, WITH Tea or Pie or a good oyster stew go by 40 the Pioneer House, 1 First st., between Madison and Jefferson. Open Sunday from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

ELECTRO AND STEREOTYPING GOLD SIL ver plating, gilding and repairing done in the cheapest manner. C. BAECHLER, 109 Sansome st., up stairs, Portland. 180

EVENING CLASS IN GERMAN ON MONday Wednesday and Friday at the rooms of the Columbia Commercial college. German conversation twice a week. For further information call or address Prof. E. Velten, N W cor 2d & Salmon.

J. H. FISK, ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL Chemist. Laboratory No 106 First st.

RUMMELIN & GUTMAN, MANUFACTURERS and dealers in fancy furs, fur robes, etc. First st. Highest price paid for raw furs.

OREGON OIL CLOTHING M'F'G CO

NOW IN FIRST CLASS ORDER AT THE OLD STAND. Many factories of all kinds of yellow and black oil clothing.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

THE ITALIAN OREGON—LOOK FOR THE Italian Farmer. Dairying and Fruit Growing. Sample offers. Twenty tracts, 10 acres at $15 per acre. 20 acres at $25 per acre. Improved 100 acres at $8 per acre. 600 acres at $10 per acre. 1660 acres at $15 per acre. 1000 acres in Polk county, 6 miles from Portland, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Tillamook county, 3 miles from Hillsboro, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 160 acres in Clackamas county, 6 miles from Portland, at $3500 $4000 and $4500. 100 acres at $2000 $2500 $3000 and $4000. 1000 acres in Lane county, 2 miles from Eugene City, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Douglas county, 3 miles from Roseburg, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Jackson county, 3 miles from Medford, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Josephine county, 3 miles from Grant's Pass, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Coos county, 3 miles from Coquille City, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Curry county, 3 miles from Ellensburg, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Kittitas county, 3 miles from Ellensburg, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Yakima county, 3 miles from North Yakima, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Klickitat county, 3 miles from Goldendale, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Skamania county, 3 miles from Stevenson, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Clark county, 3 miles from Vancouver, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Cowlitz county, 3 miles from Kalama, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Wahkiakum county, 3 miles from Cathlamet, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Pacific county, 3 miles from South Bend, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Grays Harbor county, 3 miles from Montesano, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Thurston county, 3 miles from Olympia, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Mason county, 3 miles from Shelton, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Kitsap county, 3 miles from Port Orchard, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Island county, 3 miles from Coupeville, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in San Juan county, 3 miles from Friday Harbor, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Whatcom county, 3 miles from Bellingham Bay, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Skagit county, 3 miles from Mount Vernon, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Snohomish county, 3 miles from Everett, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in King county, 3 miles from Seattle, at $2500 $3000 $3500 and $4000. 1000 acres in Pierce county, 3 miles from Tacoma

...TION AND COMMISSION.

...GILMAN.

GILMAN & CO.

...eers and Commission Merchants,
...2 FIRST ST., BET. PINE AND ASH.

...SALES of real estate, furniture, general
...horses, cattle, buggies, etc. Regular sale
...days & Fridays, at 10 o'clock A. M.
...Street.

...ULAR AUCTION SALE
—OF—
...EHOLD FURNITURE

...l by auction at our salesroom, No. 12 First

...EDAY, NOV. 12, at 10 A. M.

...and Walnut Bedroom Suits; Clipper Spring
...and Hair Mattresses; Feather and Wool
...so, 250 pairs All-Wool Blankets, Gray and
...Best Conformers; finely upholstered Parlor
...ges; Hovey Patent Bed Lounge; Bouquet
...so, Merchandise.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

...REIGHTON & CO.,

...TATE AGENTS AND AUCTIONEERS,

...s and First sts., Portland, Or.

...les of real estate and stock a specialty.

...PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

...McLAIN, VETERINARY SURGEON;
...uate of Ontario Veterinary College. Office
...Fraser's stable cor. Fifth and Taylor. 1

...E. WELLS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
...nce 326 Yamhill street. Office in Union
...1

...SON.

J. G. CHAPMAN

...APMAN & WATSON,

Attorneys-at-Law.

...Washington st., between First and Front.

DR. CHAPMAN
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
removed his office to his residence,
corner Front and Market.
...e to his office.

...KERR, GLASSWARE, LAMPS.

...E. CROWELL & CO., IMPORTERS, 58
...Front st., Portland, Or.

...WOODWORKING MACHINERY.

...& BOWEN, SAN FRANCISCO, AND 38
...st., Portland, Or., Iron and Woodworking
...

...OMMISSION MERCHANTS.

...NNOR, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
...dealer in ship stores, garden and grass
...n and domestic fruits, etc., N. E. cor. Front
...s., Portland, Or.

LEVY, COMMISSION MERCHANT
...rter of and dealer in tropical and domestic
...ed and canned fruits, nuts, figs, dates and
...Front st. Consignments of Oregon and
...produce solicited.

...& BRO., 170 FRONT STREET, FARM
...country produce a specialty.

...& BERRY, SHIP CHANDLERY AND
...stores, 96 N. Front st., Portland, Or.

...MAN & CO., COMMISSION AND PRODUCE
...nants, 123 Front street, Portland, Or.

...LEWIS, COMMISSION AND PRODUCE
...ants, Front and D Sts., Portland, Or.

...ATTIN, GENERAL COMMISSION MER-
...t and produce dealer, 120 Front street.

...YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS AND
...ission Merchants; agents for San Juan
...g Line Co. 34 Front street, cor. Ash st.

...K. WEST—J. C. MILLER, W. H. WEST,
...ission merchants in general and dairy pro-
...Front st., between Washington and Stark.

...CHURCH & CO., SHIPPING AND COM-
...n Merchants, specialties—wheat, flour sa-
...bags, etc., N. W. cor. Front and Ash sts.,
...Or.

...L AND FARM MACHINERY.

...BROTHERS' IMPLEMENT COMPANY,
...ler and dealer in farm and mill machinery,
...Front st., Portland, Or.

...GNER & CO., FLOURING MILLS EX-
...ly, and mining mill machinery,
...Front street. See circular.

...DDD & CO., SOLE AGENTS BUCKEYE
...and Reaper, Canton Pitts Thresher, Haines'
...Mowers; Front, First and Yamhill.

...BURRELL & CO., WHOLESALE FARM
...nery and dealers in agricultural imple-
...n and spring wagons, buggies, carriages,
...le and stationary engines; saw mills and
...machinery a specialty; rubber and leather

...HITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

...H. W. & T. H. OGILBEE,
ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN.
Attention Given to City Work.
...ms 2, Ainsworth Block, Third and Oak sts.

...ECT, ASSOC. A. H. LUPPER, C. E., La-
...C. E., Eng. fayette College, Penn'a
HAWGOOD & LUPFER,
...L ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
...bee Building, Washington st.,
Portland, Oregon.

...HARDWARE.

...INKSCALES—L. H. PARKER, AGENT,
...n Front st., Portland, Or.

...SMITH & LOEWENBERG, STOVES,
...s and metals, 84 and 86 Front, Portland, Or.

...LUBRICATING COMPOUND,
...INDER & LUBRICATING OIL.

...& BOWEN, SAN FRANCISCO, AND 38
...st., Portland, Or., sole agents. These oils
...largely used in San Francisco, throughout
...the Coast, England, Australia, etc. They
...ited to efficiency and economy.

...NGINES AND SMALL POWER.

...& BOWEN, SAN FRANCISCO, AND 38
...st., Portland, Or., sole agents for Willard's
...Lake Boat Rigs and small engines in use
...Coast.

...CHISEL-TOOTH SAW.

...& BOWEN, SAN FRANCISCO, AND 38
...st., Portland, Or., sole agents for the original
...sel-Tooth Saw, now made with the original
...cting segments, which places it far ahead
...Unless imitations.

...WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

...DAVIS & CO., ESTABLISHED 1851,
...land, Or.

...GTON, WOODWARD & CO., 42 AND 44
...Front st., Portland, Or.

...LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

...T BRADLEY & CO., SUCCESSORS TO
...s & Doherty, 109 Front, bet. Washington and
...Leather and Findings, Shoe Store Supplies,

...ALL MACHINERY & ENGINE
BOILERS, ETC.

...& BOWEN, SAN FRANCISCO, AND 38
...st., Portland, Or. We have the manufacturing
...part of this class of machinery in use
...and our long experience and available fa-
...us to fully supply the wants of mill men.

...MINING MACHINERY.

...& LACY, MILL, RAILWAY & MI-
...supplies a specialty. 86 North Front st.

...S, COLORS AND VARNISHES.

...DUNNE & CO., PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
...brushes. Brushes: 45 Front st., Portland, Or.

...MACHINISTS.

...AN & WOLFE, MACHINISTS, CORNER
...Third sts.—Housework, steam castings and
...and machinery of all descriptions; models
...ing tools to order.

...CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

...SKI BROS. & CO., WHOLESALE LEAF
...and Cigars, 141 Front st., Portland, Or.
...Cigars, Lachman & Co., San Francisco.

...SHOW CASES.

...BERNSTEIN & CO., MANUFACTURERS,
...ont st., Portland. Country orders solicited.

...FLAGS, FLAGS AND TENTS.

...SMITH, SAIL, FLAG AND TENT MAKER,
...0 Front st., Portland, Or.

...SADDLERY.

...BLOCK SADDLERY, HARNESS, HARD-
...74 Front st., Portland, Or.

...TRUNKS AND VALISES.

...RNSTEIN & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS
...2nd street.

...WHOLESALE GROCERS.

...LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, COR-
...Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

...& MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROCERS
...mission Merchants, 64 and 66 Front st.

...MS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GROCERS
...rding and Commission Merchants, 76 and
...st street, Portland, Or.

...ORTLAND SODA WORKS.

...ORTLAND SODA WORKS—SODA AND MI-
...ROP & SYRUPS GENERALLY—
...sales, 74 and 76 Oak sts., cor. Front, Portland, Or.

...WIRING AND GAS FITTING.

J. JOHNSSON, PRACTICAL PLUMBER
...Steam Fitter. Agent for Dekum's Sheet
...in use. Prompt attention. 168 Front st.

The Oregonian.

FOURTH-PAGE EDITION.

SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 9, 1884.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
POSTAGE PREPAID—IN ADVANCE.

Daily, per month	$ 1 00
Daily, three months	2 70
Daily, per year	10 00
Daily and Sunday, per month	1 20
Daily and Sunday, three months	3 60
Daily and Sunday, per year	12 00
Sunday, per year	2 50
Weekly, per year	1 00
TO CITY CARRIERS:	
Daily, per week, Sunday excepted	25c
Daily, per week, Sunday included	30c

The Oregonian in the East.

For sale at the following places:
CHICAGO—A. C. Bickell, 51 Tribune building.
NEW YORK—Rowell & Thomas, McCormick block, and Tribune building.
SAN FRANCISCO—Dewey, Ayer & Son, Eighth and Market streets.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Library of Congress.
PORTLAND—Press office.
SALEM—Post and Advertiser.
ASTORIA—Shively & Son; Olive st.
TACOMA—Postoffice, Fleming Bros., Hostetter's office.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, Nov. 7, 7:27 P. M.

Place	Bar.	Chng	Ther.	Chng last 3 Hours	Wind Direc.	Wind Vel.	State of Weath
Baker's Bar	29.94	-.02	50		Calm	.00	Clear
Portland	30.06	-.02	46	-.02	Calm	.00	Clear
Roseburg	30.06		53		Calm	.00	Cloudy
Salem	30.06		48		Calm	.00	Clear
Umatilla	30.05	-.02	52	-.02	NW	.00	Clear
Walla Walla	30.05	-.03	51		E	.00	Fair
Yaquina	30.09	-.04	53		SE	.00	Fair

Maximum thermometer, 61; minimum, 47.

BRIEF MENTION.

The Bastard is being retailed.

Signal Clerk's last lecture to-night.

Mikado Pavilion skating rink to-night.

The Lelian club gives their second annual ball to-night.

Ainsley's last performance at to-day's matinee at the Opera House.

The ladies of the First Baptist church intend holding a doll fete December 12.

Jo Finn was arrested last evening on a charge of concealing stolen goods.

Mrs. A. Foster of Sprague has recently purchased property in this city aggregating in value some $2000.

A deed from the Bertha real estate association conveying lot 6 in block 5 to Mrs. Fanny O. Lassier, for the consideration of $75, was filed for record yesterday.

The annual dinner of the Portland Cricket club will take place this evening at the St. George hotel. Covers will be laid for forty, and all pay will whang at 7:30 sharp.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Oregon Insurance company has been called for 2 P. M. to-day at the office of the company, for the purpose of electing seven directors for the ensuing year.

L. L. Johnson, a farmer from Washington county, while driving into the city from Hillsboro, Thursday evening, met with an accident at the approach to the Canyon road. His horses, some how or other, became unmanageable and, in so doing, ran against the railing on the bridge, the result being that the railing went over, falling about 18 feet. Mr. Johnson escaped with a few scratches and a shaking of mind, and was able to get his team out without serious damage. It is evident that a railing is needed on that bridge.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

Hon. J. Buford left last night to arrive here this afternoon. R. P. Rogers.

To-Day's Lunch and Dinner

At Ainsley's "Refreshment Parlors" will consist of roast veal, goose, duck, chicken, mountain trout and oysters in different styles, salads, sauer kraut and würst, game, &c. Outside orders filled.

The Towne Gallery,

At H. Corner First and Morrison Streets, continues to entertain CLASS PICTURES at all times. One of the most complete and unique in its appointments, and no pains will be spared to maintain the high reputation it has always characterized all work done at this gallery.

I. R. Watkins & Son have a fine line of holiday goods which they offer, together with the balance of their stock, at the very lowest possible prices. Their agencies are the best in the city, and they are also the sole agents for the northwest for the Henry Miller Piano has deserved most them to class as the standard piano of the day. They have a large assortment of instruments, violins, guitars, banjos and musical instruments of all kinds. Their line of Christmas cards is very extensive and well varied. They will continue to manufacture picture frames a very style walnut, fancy and gilt, at all prices from 75 cents upward. They also make a specialty of the new and fashionable engraved frames, and have in their employ the best skilled engravers in the city, so that they can supply any design to order. They have in stock the Henry F. Miller piano, the Estey Organ and the Mehan piano; also the Whitney Chickering and Kimball organs. 47 and 229 First st.

Railroad Tickets.

To Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway is the most direct and principal connection of the Northern Pacific railway from St. Paul to Chicago, and it is the favorite line and principal connection of the Union Pacific railway from Omaha to Chicago. It runs the best dining and sleeping cars in the world. Get your tickets from A. L. Maxwell, Ash st. wharf, Portland, or the regular coupon agents on the coast.

W. H. MARSHALL, Gen'l Agent,
Cor. Ash and Front sts., Portland, Or.

J. F. Becker, teacher of Violin, Piano, Guitar, 251 First, at Cummins' drug store. Music furnished.

Sash and door, cheese cuts, Dairy, First and Jefferson.

Safes for sale, Fourth and Morrison streets.

Safes to rent, Fourth and Morrison streets.

Safes of Fowler & Hamilton's models have been removed to 74 Front street.

Rock Rim—Get your election bets at Woods the sport's, under the lower block.

Everybody takes coffee at H. Greiner's Bon Ton coffee house, next restaurant, 8 North First.

Lawrence Pascoe—Children photographed in an artistic style at 5 and 7 Washington st.

Dry goods, millinery, hats and caps, boots and shoes at Allen & Noel's, 29 Washington st.

For engraving and tuning Pianos and Organs apply to Chas. A. Cluff & Co.'s drug store, corner First and Second streets.

Dr. Strong has given the completion the delicate touch of youth, and the natural appearance of health, as far as possible to detect its use. Try it. Sold by Chas. A. Cluff & Co., druggists.

SEWING MACHINE STORE, 167 Third st., S. Gerlinger, agent for the two famous Wilcox and Household; dealer in all kinds of machines, oil, needles, attachments and shuttles. Machines repaired and warranted.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE.

Stops the Hair when Harsh and Dry.
Cures the irritation of scalp.
Gives the richest lustre.
Prevents the hair from falling off.
Promotes its healthy, vigorous growth.

Manufacturers of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, possesses healing, strengthening qualities—that are especially beneficial in Consumption, Bronchitis, General Debility and wasting diseases of Children.

Yamhill street, for Inflammation, Congestions and Rheumatism, is remedial and healing proper to the worst. Try it!

THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE,
Yamhill street restaurant. Oysters in every style.

Ayer's Hair Vigor, or Gold, if continued to produce the most luxuriant growth. Contains no sulphur, nitrate of silver, or other injurious preparations, or long-known remedies. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists.

Advice to Mothers.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25 cts. a bottle.

Spectacles and eyeglasses fitted with Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Sold at 25 cents.

Crayon Portraits, $25. Send for circular. Size, 20x24 inches. Gold or gold and silver frames, $5 to $50. Orders from country attended to. Prices and style of frame designed, guaranteed to please. Satisfaction guaranteed. No charge for copying. Call or address with stamp, 74 Fourth Block. J. E. Stuart.

Grand Memorial Sale.
Commencing on Saturday, 8th inst., and continuing three days above Fourth and Yamhill streets, I intend to open with the largest and most complete stock of watches, jewelry, diamonds, silverware, clocks, spectacles, etc., ever offered in this city, and I have determined to sell at such prices as will cause the people to say, "Why, that's the great money leader, I'll go there." Remember the place, 74 Fourth street, corner Yamhill. Store open evenings. Respectfully, Wm. Gadsby.

CITY NOTICES.

Pittock's Block Store.

Cobb's fish market for oysters.

Cosmopolitan Hotel House, south side of Stark.

Domestic Sewing Machines, 138½ Morrison st.

Portland Wood Yard.—At the old stand, foot of Yamhill.

Portland's only catering headquarters, No. 30 Stark street. Terry and Martin, artists.

Choice brands of wines, liquors and cigars at the Occidental saloon, corner First and Alder.

The best broken sewing machine in Barbey's. He sells it. 82 Morrison street, near Fourth.

Miss H. Hine, teacher of elocution, Fourth and Main street. (Dr. McKinnell's.)

Wagons, Harness, Buggies, Brakes, etc., use Pike's Centaur Axle Grease. Child & Co., agents, corner Morrison and Second streets.

Parties in the country, city or mail receive prompt attention at Child & Co.'s drug store, corner First and Second streets.

Dr. Strong gives the completion the delicate touch of youth, and the natural appearance of health, as far as possible to detect its use. Try it. Sold by Chas. A. Cluff & Co., druggists.

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LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE DOG AND THE REPORTER.—It is not an uncommon incident in the life of a man to have a dog jump out and bark at him at some unexpected moment. This is an almost every night occurrence with a reporter on this paper after a "day's" work which keeps him up until 3 o'clock in the morning. As he is wending his steps homeward, perhaps running his mind's eye down the vista of time to a point when he will be the editor-in-chief of a great paper and mold public opinion and make and unmake presidents and senators and strike terror into the hearts of dishonest men, and thinking that in a few minutes he will be free from care and can give himself to sweet sleep, and "in a dream as in a fairy bark, roll on and on through the enchanting dark to purple day break" and way past day break, just so that he gets up in time for police court at 10 o'clock—it breaks him up for a minute to have some awful ornery fiste interrupt his meditations with a shrill bark. He resolves that the next night he'll carry a club and give that dog a belt over the head just for luck. And walking on a few steps farther, he considers. "Now, that dog has disturbed me for only a minute. The chances are he has awakened his owner and his owner's family and part of the neighbors." And he changes his resolution and devises a plan by which he can keep the dog on a steady bark for fifteen minutes, until the entire neighborhood is aroused. He is going to put the plan into execution for a week and arouse the neighborhood to such a pitch that the dog, or the owner, or both will be driven out.

DESPERATE MANIAC.—John Anderson, who lived with his brother about six miles back from Carroll's Point, became a raving maniac on last Tuesday night at about 10 o'clock, and he and his brother—both bachelors—being alone, the madman locked the door, and made an assault upon his brother, who, only by severe exertions, saved himself from death. He received some severe bruises and was unable to get away until about 4 o'clock in the morning, when he burst open the door and rushed out into the darkness with one boot on and the other in his hand. A lamp which was hurled after him by his crazy brother came very near knocking him down. He gave the alarm and the neighbors secured and brought him to Kalama, where he was confined in jail over Wednesday night. Thursday morning he appeared all right and Sheriff Smith took him down town, where he was calm until after noon, when, at an unexpected moment, he made an assault on Sheriff Smith, but as help was near he did not succeed in injuring the sheriff more than giving him a swelled jaw. The lunatic imagines he is the Lord, and said the reason he assaulted his brother and the sheriff was that they would not believe, and that he had made them believe. Dr. Moore, of St. Helens, came down Friday and made an examination and pronounced him hopelessly insane, and he was taken to the lunatic asylum at Steilacoom Friday night.

POLICE COURT.—Judge Moreland yesterday sentenced Joe Haggarty, the opium fiend and vag, to pay a fine of $50. This may serve as a warning to some of the other maqueroan and opium fiends that a fictitious employment of an hour or two a day does not shield one from the consequences of being a worthless vagrant. An innocent looking Chinese boy was tried on a charge of picking Mrs. Phillippi's pocket of a bunch of keys. From the testimony it would appear that her keys were drawn out of her pocket when she pulled her purse out to put it in an inner pocket for safety, and that they dropped on the sidewalk. The woman picked them up and slapped a Chinese boy who was standing near her in the face, and their valiant husband and his brother-in-law from the east dragged the little wretch off and handed him over to a policeman. When Mrs. Phillippi was asked to select the alleged thief from a crowd of Chinamen in the room, she took a good look and then grabbed a witness in another case who had never heard of her or her keys, and triumphantly dragged him into the arena, to the great amusement of the crowd. The case was taken under advisement.

WANTS A DEED CANCELED.—John Confer commenced suit in the state circuit court yesterday to recover title to lots 1, 2, 5 and 6 in block 69, and the south half of block 16 in Holladay's addition to East Portland. In March, 1876, Mr. Confer being sick and depressed in spirits and expecting not to live long, deeded this property to his children, John, Jacob and Rebecca Confer, reserving the right to possess the property during his life. The property is subject to taxation, and a large amount has already been assessed against it, and plaintiff has not the means of paying it. He cannot sell any of said property on account of the deed he made. The same was never delivered to the defendants, nor were they ever notified of its making. Plaintiff's health is now good, and he is liable to live a number of years yet, notwithstanding he is 84 years old. He therefore prays that such deed be declared ineffectual and void, and be canceled of record.

THE FISH MARKET.—The supply of fish from the Sound has been rather meager of late. Yesterday there was a large lot of what appear to be young salmon about six inches long. It is impossible to say whether they are young salmon or young sea trout, but in either case it seems too bad that so many young fish should be killed. They are very nice eating, however. Halibut are very scarce, only an occasional specimen being received. There is a good supply of clams and porgies and flounders. A lot of squid were received yesterday. They are much esteemed by French and Italians, but to Americans they stand about the same as political crow—they can be eaten, but no one hankers after them.

ROOM FOR THE KINDERGARTEN.—The committee appointed for that purpose have about decided to take the old Couch engine house for the Kindergarten. It is situated near the corner of Thirteenth and G, is in a suitable locality for children whom the institution is designed to reach, and the committee on streets and public property have wisely and generously offered it rent free. Subscriptions to the chool have been larger than expected, and will cover the expense of more than six months; hence an effort will be made to carry it on for one year.

DANGEROUS PRACTICE.—The attention of the parents of boys who cross the First street bridge on their way to school is called to the fact that some of these boys have a very dangerous habit of walking the railing of the aforesaid bridge. A gentleman crossing this structure yesterday was horrified to see a boy walking on the railing in the middle of the bridge, where the least misstep would have sent him down 80 or 100 feet to certain death. Parents of pupils and teachers at the Failing school should take means to put a stop to this dangerous practice.

DID NOT HATCH OUT.—Captain Barrett, of the bark Carrie Winslow, is still at Astoria. Information was sent him yesterday that the ostrich eggs forwarded by him from Montevideo to an East Portland friend failed to hatch out. They were placed under a hen. These eggs are from a rare South American bird, but have never been known to hatch in other countries. They have not before been tried in Oregon climate, and the conclusion is arrived at that nothing can be done with them away from home.

REPLEVINED A HORSE.—A case wherein Samuel George, a rancher of eastern Oregon, sued J. F. Hankins and Frank Russell, of this city, for the possession of a mare and colt, alleged to have been stolen, brought here and sold, came up for trial before Justice Greene and a jury yesterday. Hankins is the well known hackman, and the animals had been put in his stable to board. The jury brought in a verdict restoring the property to George, less $15 board due Hankins, and taxed the costs, amounting to $80, on the plaintiff.

REMOVED.—That letter box on Ash street dock, about which so many items have been written first and last, has been taken down. People would persist in putting letters in it which should have been put in some other box, and the consequence was that they were mislaid and complaints were constantly being made on that account. So to put a stop to this fooling the box has been taken down. People will now put their letters where they will do the most good.

PAY YOUR ASSESSMENTS.—Auditor Durham was busy yesterday in sending out notices to the property holders on Seventh street, calling on them to pay their assessments for the widening of the street at its junction with North Seventh. The matter has been in abeyance for about a year, and now the council has ordered warrants issued for the collections of the assessments. Property owners will do well to attend to this matter at once.

BOUND OVER.—L. A. Johnson, who has been indicted by the grand jury for assault with a dangerous weapon and released on bail, was examined in Justice Davis' court yesterday on a charge of threatening to kill L. Wake. The evidence was deemed sufficient to warrant his being held to answer before the grand jury in the sum of $2000.

PENITENTIARY RECRUITS.—The jury in the case of Ah Keong, charged with larceny of chickens, yesterday returned a verdict of guilty. He was sentenced by Judge Smith to two years in the penitentiary. John Drew, the burglar, who invaded Bill Braden's arsenal and carried off his brace of revolvers was yesterday sent up to serve two years in the penitentiary.

SAT DOWN ON.—A little after 1 o'clock this morning a reporter of THE OREGONIAN, while coming from the city jail, heard a horrible noise at the corner of Stark and First streets, which sounded like the last groaning bellows of a dying calf. Calling an officer from the station, they hastened to the spot, and found Policeman Brannan sitting upon the body of a man. The body was not dead, nor Brannan was not holding an inquest, but if the man had not been relieved just as he was he would have been a subject for a jury, as he was breathing out his last gasps under the hydraulic pressure. His name was Johnny Gay and he was an engineer and he was a New York boy, of the 1st generation, and he was "going to stay by it—and don't you forget it." He had shown fight as Brannan was bringing him to jail drunk, and so he was thrown down and "sat down on." He was taken in with the assistance of Policeman Nash, and will be a thinner and wiser man in future.

COMPLETION OF THE SHORT LINE.—On Monday the rails of the O. R. & N. Co. will be joined at Huntington, on Burnt river, with the rails of the Oregon Short Line, completing another railway track to Oregon across the continent. Trains will begin to run through on the 1st of December.

JOSEPH COCK.

The fact that this eloquent orator and profound thinker is not as well known on this coast as he should be, has been demonstrated by the size of the audience that greeted him on his first appearance. However, our citizens are not slow to appreciate merit, and accordingly last night the Y. M. C. A. hall was well filled with one of the finest audiences ever gathered together in our city. The oratorial power and genius of the lecturer has won a measure of success that will ensure for the future the largest audiences. The lecturer gave as the object of his lectures the scattering of the spirit of provincialism. In graphic language the rapid transit of to-day by sea and land was portrayed. The first of the seven modern wonders of the world is the speed of intercommunion among nations. The open secret of history is God's omnipresence. The second of these wonders is the self-reformation of the heroic nations. The history of Japan within the last century was cited as an example. In the shops of Tokio I found as good and thorough a collection of theological works as in the bookstores of San Francisco. Japan has ceased to be a hermit nation. She is our near neighbor and looks our way. On a near and close inspection of China I was favorably impressed. General Grant recently stated that the three finest men he met in his travels were Gladstone, Bismarck and the Chinese prime minister. The Pacific coast stands as a gate to the orient. I am not sure that in the future the Pacific ports will rival the Atlantic.

Through the 240,000,000 of India England is shooting railroads, telegraph, etc. Lectured in all the principal cities, and in English, being well followed and understood by the native audiences. One of their foremost philosophers in my hearing stated that the brightest jewels in the diadem of India belonged not to Queen Victoria but to the Lord Jesus Christ. Christianity has come to India to stay and rule. There is not to-day territory suitable for white colonies that has no claim upon it; the colonial era is coming to an end once for all.

The third modern wonder of the world is the rapid advance of education in democracy. It is only the upper crust of our ecuation that to-day hinders the old nations from at once reaping our institutions. A plan of confederation of British colonies is now on foot, and should it be carried out what else will it be but a system similar to that of the United States?

The fourth wonder is the prospective moral confederation among advanced nations. Any great wave of social or religious reform sweeps to-day upon every shore. International arbitration was then discussed and advocated. France, Germany and England are pay ng five million pounds per week to enable them to be in readiness to cut their neighbors' throats. Arbitration will enable these nations to disband half their armies and sing the battle hymn of peace.

I am a provisional free trader and conditional protectionist, and not on the fence, either.

The fifth wonder is the triumph of Christianity in our century; not that it has not been a triumph for the last eighteen, but in our century Christianity has gained 3.8 times more than in the previous eighteen. The number of evangelical church members in our country to-day is one in five. Before twenty-five years has passed I am of mind that it is more than probable that the bible will be in the hands of every inhabitant. There is not an infidel publication to-day that will bear serious investigation and survive.

More important than any political question in the founding of any state is domestic purity. The vulgar infidelity of the day is engaged in breaking up and ruthlessly destroying our homes by circulating infamous literature. Many facts were given. Most infidels are instances of arrested development.

The sixth wonder is "The current fulfilment of literal prophecy." I stand in awe before the fulfilment of biblical prophecy.

The seventh wonder is "The establishment of a scientific supernaturalism." The most persistent attack against Christianity is from infidels, who claim that from the year 33 to 160 no evidence is attainable to the truth of the miracles of Christ. This has been narrowed down to the year 60 in our day. Now we believe certain facts about Washington and always shall. Why? Because the facts are followed by events which are history. Numerous incontrovertible facts with regard to the authenticity of the scriptures were given.

There is not an era in the history of the world that is better authenticated than the first twenty-five years of the Christian era. How do you account for a pure Christian church in pagan Rome in the first century? God's purposes ought to be ours; let us read them.

The last lecture will be delivered this evening. Subject: "Does Death End all?" It is a reply to materialism and is illustrated by physiological diagrams.

MILITARY AND PERSONAL.

Vancouver Independent.

First Lieutenant W. L. Geary, Twelfth infantry, resigned October 15th, promoting Second Lieutenant Millard F. Waltz.

Captain Chas. A. Dempsey, Second infantry, has been granted three months leave of absence by special order from headquarters of the army.

Hospital Steward W. H. H. King is transferred from Fort Canby to Fort Spokane, and Hospital Steward J. C. Blake from Fort Stevens to Fort Canby.

Lieutenant J. E. Runcie, First art llery, reported at department headquarters on the 29th ult., and left on the next day for his station—Fort Canby, W. T.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Dr. G. F. Wilson, U. S. A., and Miss Evelyn Elderkin, to take place at St. Luke's church, Vancouver, Thursday, November 20th.

Medical Director J. C. McKee, in Cincinnati met with a painful accident on Oct. 13th, a carriage running over him after he fell from it. His injuries were regarded as serious at the time of the accident.

During the absence of the other aides-de-camp from department headquarters, Lieutenant J. N. Allison, Second cavalry, inspector of rifle practice, has been announced as acting aid-de-camp on the staff of the department commander.

Leave of absence for one month has been granted Major Amos S. Kimball, chief quartermaster of the department. During his absence Captain W. S. Patten, assistant quartermaster, has been designated to conduct the business of the chief quartermaster's office.

Henry W. Gray, who has been clerk in the office of the post quartermaster at Vancouver barracks since the arrival of the Fourteenth infantry in this department, has been transferred to the general service, and is now a clerk in the adjutant general's office at department headquarters.

Colonel George A. H. Blake, retired, died at New York October 27th. Colonel Blake entered the army from Pennsylvania in 1836 as first lieutenant of the Second dragoons, and was all through the Mexican war. He was promoted colonel of the First cavalry in 1863, and retired December 15, 1870.

The last party sent out in search of Bernard, the Fourteenth infantry private lost on Mount Hood, returned Sunday to the barracks, without finding any trace of the missing man, who probably perished in the snow. The report coming from The Dalles that his body had been found has not been confirmed.

YAQUINA BAY NOTES.

NEWPORT, Nov. 4.

The steamer Yaquina sailed to San Francisco at noon to-day.

M. W. Markham, an old pioneer on the bay, died the 3d inst. and was buried to-day.

The tides are unusually high, causing a good deal of commotion among the small boats, as well as damage.

The new paper published at Newport, the Yaquina *Mail*, gave their first issue to-day. It is an interesting and readable sheet.

Election is past and all is well, Blaine having a majority in this precinct of all votes cast. The prohibition ticket and Butler ticket was a tie.

The matrimonial fever has taken complete hold on the younger portion of our inhabitants. We have had four weddings the last month and a good prospect for twice the number next month. Captain Perry Card and Miss Ollie Norton were married last Sunday.

NEARLY A COLLISION.

The British Ship Abeona Ran into a Bark to Avoid Colliding with a Collier at Swan Island.

The British ship Abeona, wheat laden, left down river about noon yesterday in charge of river pilot Ferchen, in tow of the E. N. Cooke. The County of Merioneth, wheat laden, in charge of pilot Johnson and towed by the Alice, left down but a short time after. The Abeona had entered the narrow cut just below the Portland flouring mills when the Oregon Improvement Co.'s collier Willamette was sighted coming up and near the lower end of the cut. The Cooke gave a long whistle, which is the understood signal for a vessel coming up stream to stop. This signal was not noticed by the collier, which continued to ascend. Pilot Ferchen immediately saw that a collision was unavoidable unless the Abeona was grounded. He chose the latter alternative, and ran the Abeona into the west bank, the collier passing by safely. A man standing on the mill dock ran back and sang out to Johnson to stop the Merioneth, she being around the bend and not able to see the condition of affairs. Pilot Johnson stopped his ship only in good time to avoid a general pile up. The Abeona slowly swung around athwart the channel, completely blocking it. The barkentine Catherine Sudden, in ballast, was towed past, finding but eight feet of water. Altogether the affair is one that calls for investigation.

There was a narrow escape from general damage. The Abeona commenced lightering cargo as soon as barges could be got alongside. The steamer S. G. Reed was sent down below Swan Island to meet the Columbia, and took off her passengers, mail and express, landing them at the Ash street dock at 7 P. M. At 8:30 P. M., the tide having risen and a portion of her cargo having been lightered, the Abeona floated. Owing to fog on the river it was not thought that the Columbia could come up till this morning. Captain Holmes, of the collier Willamette, disclaims all blame in the matter of the Abeona going aground. There is some one to blame, however, and it is a rule of the river that descending loads with tows have the right of way.

THE STAGE.

JOSEFFY.—There was even a larger audience last night than on the previous evening to welcome the great artist in his second concert, and we have every reason to be proud of the Portland public, for there are not many cities in the union of the population of this which gives an artist of the stamp of Joseffy such hearty welcome and show such thorough appreciation as was manifested in the two concerts. Of the artist himself we know not what to say, only that he even had a greater success last night than on his first appearance, the programme being more popular, and better known. In the Chopin pieces he was perhaps at his best, that composer's dreamy, melancholy style being particularly well suited to the artist's abilities. You can anything more quaint and delicious be imagined than his rendition of Delibe's Pizzicato and Schumann's Traeumerie? Here, more than ever, he displayed his wonderful command over the piano, and drew from it a language such as has rarely found expression on this instrument. This afternoon he will appear for the last time in the matinee in the following programme, when the regular matinee prices will prevail:

a. Sonata Appassionata.....L. Van Beethoven.
1 Allegro assai. Un Allegro. 2 Andante con Molto.
3 Allegro ma non Troppo. Presto.
b. Two Musical Moments.....Franz Schubert.
1 Andante. 2 Flat. No. 2. A Minor.
c. Moment.....Leopold Bocherini.
d. Marche Fantastique.....Wladimar Bargiel.
e. Berceuse.....
f. Valse, in G Minor.....Fred Chopin.
g. Agata Mes pianato and Polka.....
h. Sphinning Song, from Wagner's "Flying Dutchman".....Liszt.
i. Serenade.....
j. At the Spring.....Joseffy.
k. Souvenir d'Amerique Valses.....
l. Traumerei.....Robert Schumann.
m. Hungarian Rhapsodie, No. 12.....Franz Liszt.
n. Serenade.....Franz Schubert.
o. Fantasie: Midsummer Night's Dream.....Liszt.

THE KATE CASTLETON COMPANY.—The return of Miss Castleton to Portland will be hailed with delight by her many friends and admirers who remember her last visit, when she created quite a furor by her rendering of popular songs in a way that no one else on the stage has ever equaled. She comes with her own company of vocalists and comedians, specially selected for their respective parts in her new play, "At Sea," and it is certainly a very strong one, counting among its members Miss Ethel Lynton, one of the very best prima donnas ever on this coast. She has a voice of wonderful sweetness and power, and is well known by many who have seen her in comic opera in

A ROYAL FLUSH.

Three sports go into a broad bar
A tailored lady in a pack of cards
They called a drink and there was
A jar
And they all took a bottle of cards
For sport and for money both good and pure
Each stood a drink
While railroad trains are running.

They wanted a fourth at a poker hand
There were they and they were one short
And they asked a stranger if he'd be want
To try a little game for sport
For strangers there are where men abound
And we'll always find a stranger around
When railroad trains are running.

The stranger didn't own the game
But he was willing to live and learn
To him their cards were all the same
They was to all first he'd learn
And the sports laughed loud and deal the hand
And saw him "raise" and "call" and "bet" and "go good luck"
As they will when trains are running.

And then they put on the poker hand
And little money he put to a deadly pull
And they asked the stranger if he could stand
And the stranger he did with a single nod
And one sport he used the other two
At the stranger ham, as strangers do
When railroad trains are running

At length in a solemn hush this bush
Three sports showed all of the hand
Four aces in all
And the stranger he had a royal flush
All the strangers did that observe
Left there in their seats without a word
At the trains every words in their stories
When railroad trains are running.

A DAY IN TADOUSAC.

When the head of the shipping firm of Freyseau, Wall et Cie in Montreal sent young Noel as their agent along the lower St Lawrence the other partners grumbled loudly They were shrewd Americans, Noel a mere lad, Canadian French, gay, crotchety, wordy. He had, heavy sums to collect, and there was an ugly story afloat that his father had been a professional gambler

Pierre Noel was now old and imbecile, but his son persisted in taking him with him everywhere, and paid him an exaggerated respect Wall et Cie grew extremely uneasy about their money Blood, they said, would tell at last. But Mr Freyseau was obstinate in his likings, he would not recall the lad. All they could do was to send the younger Wall to look him up now and then and to take rigid account of his receipts

It never occurred to Louis Noel that he was suspected Nothing short of a blow on the face would convince that careless fellow that anybody was his enemy. He made his headquarters at the lonely village of Tadousac for a reason, and he supposed the same reason brought James Wall there

The two men, one August afternoon, met in the orchard of an old pension behind the village The wind was frosty and Noel brought a bunch of fruit under the trees into the open sunshine, for a young girl who was with him

James Wall sat down upon it beside her, crossed his stout legs comfortably, drew out the cahier paper, and looked at the quotations in the letter. Noel walked away He could not endure near Hester Page to-day She had dropped a word or two to him last night, a mere nothing when one repeated it, yet very different from the cool, amused criticism with which she met him heretofore He had repeated the words a thousand times to himself to-day Could it be——?

He could not speak to her before Wall He felt as if he must cry out with this sudden madness of hope that sent the blood through his body like a flame He wandered about irresolutely, climbing trees for some russet pears for her, and left them lying on the grass, lighted a cigar, smoked furiously, and let it go out in his mouth, then began to sing with a tremendous discordant clatter.

Mr Wall shuddered, then laughed, compassionately, glancing at Miss Page. They were both admirable musicians, and often sang together with that accuracy and neatness of effect which peculiarly marked the words and movements of both

"These Canadians are restless in body and mind as grasshoppers."

James Wall's thick tones grew complacent and intimate with Miss Page. Were they not Americans The Noel and all unfortunate foreigners, belonged to the all mankind outside of the States She smiled, looked at Louis, then at Wall then down to the pale blue web she was netting. What, with her delicate hair, the pale blue net the creamy gown, fitting close to her neat, rounded figure, and her listlessness brown hair and eyes, she made a center of calm of delicate color which suited the faded hue of the autumn garden.

Mr. Wall scanned her over his paper, pursing his thick lips with gusto He had been calculating her merits and defects for a long time, but he felt he was now made up Time, she had studied enough to pay her share of the bill. He'll let her call and be idle to them in society in Montreal But some indefinite power in the flattered red-cheeked man within him conquered him As much of the man as was not given up to the humble interest he felt for James Wall was get made in love with her He was a poor man, greedy of money, yet he meant to marry this penniless Dapt of ministers daughter Why not tell her so to-day

Noel heard "Hester, Noel" for was just as well to let her know their relative positions, and that this scampish fellow, whose infatuation for her was the talk of the village was only the paid servant of the firm) "I want you to finish that report. I start for home to-night. By the way, I will take all your collections with me

Noel did not move

"I say hear See to it at once

"Eh? Chut No hurry"

Hester unged over the low stone wall, looking up into the mountain Below him was the narrow street of Tadousac cut through the gray cliffs the old cottages, perched here and there, each sending out through its steep red or yellow or tinned roof a sleepy drift of smoke Lights shone through the windows of the little ancient church the door was open in the cool see Gregoeaux, the fat beadle, climbing into his high seat then came Father Matthieu up the hill, half a dozen children of the inhabitants with their wax like features and glittering black eyes, tugging at his gown

At the foot of the hill rolled the silent, fathomless line of the Saguenay,—that mystery of the north. Back as the line drawn by death through the life beauty and comfort of the hills and village Just then the notes of the French horn filled the air with a melancholy sobbing. Louis gave a quick nod of satisfaction That was his father he always knew the old man was happy as long as he was filling the world with his melodeous piping Some young fellows—his comrades—on the pier caught sight of Noel

"Hi! hi! Louis" they called

He shouted back, waving his hat to Pere Matthieu, who laughed and nodded Two Sisters of Mercy, gazing decorously in their black robes to the church, glanced furtively up and smiled at each other The whole village knew and liked the merry fellow and the old father of whom he was so fond

The gate clicked Wall tired of waiting for Noel had gone quietly away

"That is to God" said Noel He hurried down the Hester, then stopped short in a spasm of shame Who was he? To go to ask her to commit herself to him? The best man in the world was not fit to touch her Look at her! nothing there, the sun burning full on her! Her hands went with her work, in and out, in and out. The monotony of motion maddened him For two years he had followed her faithful as a dog It had been almost enough to see her, to hear her speak now and then If he told her how that he loved her, he would rise all this scar would drive him away Never to see Hester again! Never! If she married Wall! For a moment he could not get his breath—the world seemed to empty itself from him.

Then his blood swelled with sudden triumph Why he was not a child. He was a man and if he was not given up the humble interest, or worship of James Wall was get made in love with her He was a poor man, greedy of money, yet he meant to marry this penniless Dapt of ministers daughter Why not tell her so to-day

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The Oregonian.
SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 8, 1884

COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY Nov

...flour steady but most lines are in

...carried cent 25 c schooner 00

...coasting company, from Wil

...PASSED—Past 4 hours 11

...bbls flour 2sh 48s pd 6s 3

...bbls wheat 2sh 6d 3

...barley 2sh 6d 3

...PASSED—No new business reported. T

...Belle of Arvon was gone on the inward

...Today's sailings on the inward

...The small fleet in

...are much dull at Astoria for Lon

...Belle of Arvon 9

...Cleared—Bark Arvon 30

...Belle from Pillar Rock

...Chinook a total loss from Pillar Rock

...Light business doing in fleets of small

...The local market appears to be quite

...are much urged out of this district in

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...PORTS—In United trading room 1 lots from

...appear to be steady 1

...Sales—Sales 50 74 for

...how a small increase but

...not affected Quote 6 10

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THEW P. DOLL, ... HENRY FAILING
W. H. GILBERT, ... C. H. LEACH
C. E. KEARNEY, ... H. H. HANSON
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HENRY FAILING, ... Secretary
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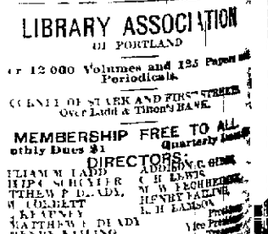

NEW YORK Nov 7 Sailed—Ship M P Crue... San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 7 Arrived—Ship I P ... Sailed Nov 7 for New York Ship R D Rice ... Bell Dumbarton Shields, Fr Bk Selma Valpa... Mexia Antonia str Wilmington Nanaimo ship ... Thos Nixon Bk Minnie Browne Cork

ASTORIA Nov ... 8 A M — Cloudy ... Sailed—Str Columbia for San Francisco ... arrived at 9 10 A M and left up at M Came Winslow docked at Hustler's ... M Clear and calm

CAPE HORN Nov ... Str Columbia passed in ... A M Bkt Portland passed out ... P M ... P M—Bar to ...sh, hazy wind south 8 miles ... Lat outside

FOREIGN PORTS

ANTWERP, Nov 5—Sailed—Str Colon New York

CALLAO Nov 1 Put in ship Chas I Moody ... Francisco for Liverpool Captain died ... body sent home in charge of mate

MINING STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO Nov ...

Alta	1 10	Mexican	35
Belcher	7	Mono	1 40
Belt & Belcher	1 50	Mount Diablo	9 7
Bodie Con	2 40	Ophir	80
Bulwer	5	Potosi	1 05
Challar	2 10	Savage	1 65
Con Cal & Virginia	20	Sierra Nevada	85
Green Hopper	1 00	Union	90
Gould & Curry	1 00	Yellow Jacket	1 10
Hale & Norcross	3 40		

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK, Nov ...

Northern Pac Pfd	42¾	Pacific Mail	44
Ore & Trans	12¾	Northwestern	84½
Or Trans Bonds	68	Lake Shore	67
Western Union	58¾	N Y Central	84¾

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

Or & Trans	12 s	Western Union	9

THE HOTELS

THE CLARK

W J Brown R ... City H T Moore Kalama ... Mrs J F DeWitt do S Patterson Or ... R T Gibson S F W D Bennett S F ... D Brunstetter & wf S J R J Norton Newark ... H W Seigle U S N J Dunk M D Dayton

BOSTON HOUSE.

J Batchelder & w Vancouver H Aiken S F ... W J Wilson Idaho S Simmons S F ... F Gunbiner Warrendale E Dawson S F ... H D Sims Montana J W Crow Rhapps Or ... J H Price Roseburg I Mendelson Baker City

ST CHARLES

W F Dow Butte Mt Mrs Wm Hewster Forestgrove ... M Reed Scappoose W D Lyman ... H W St do S Patterson Hillsboro ... H Clanger Ann worth E Gottenfeld Dallas ... A Merrill Lents Mrs M Wescott ... D Ladd Salem Mrs Wescott ... A Abell do M D Hendrick Wheatland ... C W Schnell San Jose J W Hartley & F Little Falls ... M F Total Vancouver R M Mulholland Junction ... H A Wilson Grant Mills H W McCullough Dalles ... J Pilz East Oakland T Lumsden & W Rachel ... J Mee with Children or's Island ... L A Rose, Salem Mrs Mogford with Child ... C F Hennig Salem Mrs Wm Hurford Albany ... J A Hanna Cedar Hills W H Middlebrod Astoria ... J R Hendly Huntington Miss E F Schunk & ch ... Miss I Scott Little Derry ... T Scott do D A Stanphon Colfax ... H S Murphy San Jose F Wood South Bend ... J Hunt Wilkinson do E B Wolfe Corvallis ... H W Hoagland Milford T W Billings Sutherlin ... F E Hall do Miss Mary Chandler do ... C Dunlap Spokane Falls Mrs C Evans do ... J Hall do W H Chandler do ... J M Walker Ashwood Miss Bickle do

MERCHANTS

J M Hutchinson O & N J W Grey Chemawa ... J W Johnson Oswego W A Douglas Cleveland ... S T Lindley do M M Wood do ... J A Holton Butte City ... D O Stark, Hillsboro J H Stearns La Camas ... A J Tenney Independence Wm M Kinney do ... Mrs M W Lamb do J Wadsworth Walla Walla ... J W Odell S F Ry P H Stearns La Camas ... W De Hogg & Co Chicago F M Stone do ... E Foss S F P P Cotham Marshfield

QUIMBY

W C Cray Oregon Mrs M E Dalton Wallwalla ... D O Rapman Yakoma F W Scott S F ... M Case do E B Wolfe Corvallis ... H H Holt do T Davis Victoria B C ... J W do do W H Kennedy South Prairie ... I Smith do D Good Oregon ... A A Martin do Roth Wis do ... W F Minter do Robert Ross The Dalles ... Geneva Pratt do E B Edwards do ... W W Ruggles do Benj Hackett Albany ... C H Hodgkins do James Johnson do ... Miss Willis New Freeman Wm Hall do ... H H Church do Henry Eames do ... Miss Clara Todd S F Geo W Hampton Hebron ... Mrs H Church do H Dilley do ... Mrs Lucy Wasson do H Cline Corvallis ... Miss Lucy Lane do Mrs Hannah Goodrich do ... Mrs Hannah Hodges do A P Hutchinson Carroll Ill ... J A Seelig do C W Sawyer The Dalles ... C W Hodge do Geo Swartz do ... Miss Ida Hodge do N Scott Corvallis ... F Hutchinson do E Clark Oregon ... J Vesta do S C Conding S F ... Miss Dixon do G H Crapser S F Mrs A Milliken do A Shirley S F ... Miss Ella Fleming do

OCCIDENTAL

J Anson Vancouver T H Fougue Hillsboro ... C Dowell Hillsboro C Crisp Oregon City ... O Hermann Vancouver F Thompson Vancouver ... J Baker Vancouver J Wilson Walla Walla ... R Graham Seattle H Irwin Seattle ... T Fox Smith Portland D Cassidy Vancouver ... J Foster Vancouver J W Burns Vancouver ... T Jackson Yamhill Mrs Jeddah Gathlit ... H D Clayton Vancouver Miss Jeddah ... A H Reynolds W Torr & wf Medford ... W Cline, Silverton J Roberts Vancouver ... J B Emery Astoria W Pierson Vancouver ... N Berry Vancouver C Bradburn Seaside ... J Bath Seaside A Harrison & wf Or ... Mrs Bruce & son Or F Bowlsbee Freeport ... David Freeport G A Fitch S F ... G W Bacon S F P Smith Salmon Island ... H E Morgan & wf Or

EAST PORTLAND LETTER LIST.

Letters remaining in the postoffice, East Portland Oregon November 1884

LADIES LIST

Beck Anna Foster Mrs Mary

Coil Mrs Tim Moore Mary

Dillon Mrs Mary Randolph Mrs

Dewey Miss Mary Roberts Mrs J

Hutty, Mrs J

Glynn Amanda

Spook Miss Artie

Hite Mrs F Wilson Jennie

Hitchcock Al Wilson Mrs W S

Kelly Martha White Mrs L

Knight M A

GENTLEMEN'S LIST

Brewers J Garrard J F Pierce A V

Bowlsby Will Hoagland Geo Publow John

Cox A T Harder Chris

Reynolds, H O

Cain C W Johnson B A Rittenour F

Cassby M E Johnson Jas Reardon P N

Crosby J B James A Reap Leland

Clark John Johnson John Roberts Wm

Crosby R M J

Campbell A F Judy Will Standard Oil Co

Cox & Son Kennedy Thos Summers A C

Dawson Mrs Kusterman M A Switzler Rob

Dawson Mrs Kusterman Frank Sanders John

Dalforth J Miller, Shelley M

Ellis Frank Thompson F

Dr Edwin Hoagland Geo Thompson J

Egerston W N Laurent Frank Taylor Mr

Taylor W L

Morchead J A Tate, Mr

Miller S

Hardy J P Mahaney Wm Whitmarsh J N 2

Ferguson G W Moore Joseph Wray W B

Wirtz, Wm

Ide Frank Oliphant David Walters B F

M COUGHLI P M

Mesmerism

Popular Science Monthly

I will show you the method of mesmerizing which is, perhaps, on the whole most effective, it is very nearly that described by Braid. In he method only which I wish to show you With one hand a bright object, such as this faceted piece of glass, is held thus, eight to twelve nc es from the subject, so that there is a considerable convergence of the eyes and rather above the level of the eyes, so that he is obliged 'o ook upward The subject is told to look steadily at the piece of glass and keep his whole attention fixed upon it. This position is kept up from five to ten minutes during this time the pupils will probably dilate considerably, often assuming a slight rhythmic contraction and dilatation, when this is the case, the free hand is moved slowly from the object toward the eyes. If the subject is sensitive the eyes will usually close will a vibratory motion. In some cases the subject is then unable to open them, and he usual mesmeric phenomena can be obtained. If, when the operator brings his hand near the eyes of the subject, the subject instead of closing them, follows the movements of the fingers, the whole proceeding is repeated, but the subject is told to close his eyes when the fingers are brought near them, but to keep them fixed on the same direction as before, and to continue to think of the object and that only. The operator then for some minutes makes "passes," bringing his warm hands over and close to the face of the sub ect in one direction When the subject is inclined to pass into the cataleptic state, an indication of his condition may be obtained by gently raising his arm if he is beginning to be mesmerized, the arm remains in the position in w ich it is placed If the arm falls, the mesmeric state may not infrequently be hastened by telling the subject to keep his arm extended while he is still gazing at the object, or while the passes are being made And that is the whole of the process. The man thus mesmerized sinks from manhood to a highly complicated piece of machinery He is a machine which for a time is conscious, and in w ich ideas can be excited by appropriate stimulation, any one acquainted with the machinery can set it in actio .

Fright's Disease" is regarded by many as incurable and it is well nigh so, except when opposed with HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY Th s old and reliable medicine has special power in this and all other diseases of the kidneys and bladder It is purely vegetable, and is highly endorsed by physicians.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT GENERAL
GRAND NORTH WESTERN DIVISION OF THE
AMERICAN CONTINENTAL CONTINENTAL ARMY
ISSUED BY THE CITY OF NEW YORK

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CHARLES WALKER HILL
Superintendent Grand Central

LIEBIG COMPANY'S

Arnicated Extract

—OF—

Witch Hazel

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THE HIGHEST MEDALS AT THE LEADING EXPOSITIONS,

AND IS PRESCRIBED AND INDORSED BY

The Most Eminent Physicians of Europe and America.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT
STATE UNIVERSITY OF IOWA

I will cheerfully Extract in Witch Hazel in my practice and consider it a valuable remedy for Piles Chronic Diarrhoea Dysentery and Hemorrhages of the Lungs Stomach and Bowels Especially in Uterine Hemorrhage and Prolapsus Uteri it is a most valuable remedy Yours truly

GEO E HOSFORD M D Prof Obstetrics and Diseases of Women

Dr Geo E Hosford has attended many of our families and has always been successful in his practice Surg on in Chief Hospital Ruptured and Crippled Long experience in our Hospital has given him a wide and thorough knowledge of Surgery and Surgical Pathology of the Human Body Dr Hosford is a graduate of Watch Hill and has an honorable record as a surgeon

Dr Hosford is a member of the Polk County Medical Society and Surgical Pathology of the Iowa State University

Among others well known physicians who indorse and prescribe it are

Profe sor C F Hart M D late Surgeon in Chief General Hospital Louisville Ky

Profe sor Francis Valle M D Commissioner National Board of Health Washington D C

Profe sor F J Moulin M D First Assistant City Board Health and Vital Statistics

Profe sor R L Ward M D Professor Southern Medical College Atlanta Ga

Profess r Sidney Ringer University College London England Author Ringer's Solution

Profess r Lauder Brunton, M D, M R C P London Hospital, England, says In all cases of bronchitis it has proved successful

Profe sor Reid Hughes, F L London says I have used your Witch Hazel in a number of cases of piles in hospital and private practice and find it a most valuable remedy

Professor Fothergill of London in his Diseases of Women says His success is certainly remarkable in many cases

Professor Wm H Harrison of St Louis says It gives me pleasure to bear testimony to its merits in my own practice

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For Diseases of Horses Mules sheep Cattle Swine Dogs, and other Live Stock

...Ward Wallace the celebrated Horse ... Stallion Hambletonian 10 ... Ward Wallace is the sire of ... Lou Dillon 2 18 ... Ward Wallace is the sire of ... Lou Dillon 2 18 ... Ward Wallace is the sire of ... Lou Dillon 2 18

The Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 8 1884

EAST PORTLAND COUNCIL

Action on the G Street Improvement Muddle Vote of Thanks to Retiring Recorder—Seventh Street to be Opened and Extended Another Loan Contemplated

A special meeting of the common council of East Portland occurred last evening Mayor Sanders presiding and all members present

Minutes of previous meetings were read and approved

The following is a summary of the business transacted

PETITIONS

From property owners asking for the laying of crosswalks on Fifth street on the south side of K and the north side of S streets referred to the committee on streets

From Thomas Cullity, Atkinson & Wakefield agents, asking permission to construct a stairway in cellar from the sidewalk on the south side of building at the corner of Fourth and I streets referred to committee on streets.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

From committee on streets, which recommended that street commissioner and city surveyor be instructed, in notifying to work done or labor duly performed by Thomas B. Turnbull, Spore and Mrs. Easton, and Tenth street by J. W. Wilson reports adopted, and warrants ordered drawn for the several claims

REPORTS OF OFFICERS

The quarterly report of city treasurer and annual report of auditor and clerk (which appear elsewhere) were read and referred to the committee on accounts and current expenses

The city attorney made a verbal report concerning that part of the street improvement between Water and Second streets. He report was to the effect that the improvement could not be made under the ordinances as the time within which it was to have been completed had elapsed and would be good cause to resist the payment of the assessment therefor. The improvement however, could be provided for by a supplementary ordinance, which would not give adjacent property owners the privilege of remonstrating the same as in the original action of property-owners on that portion of the street improved, excepting they had no more right to urge the execution of the improvement neglected than any other citizen would have, the only persons having a legal right to compel the enforcement of the ordinance providing for the improvement being the adjacent property owners, who are liable for its cost

The city attorney also reported that, in the matter concerning the Fifth-street bridge, the circuit court had refused a motion to strike out that part of the answer that made it incumbent on plaintiffs to prove the bridge was good and sufficient

CLAIMS AND USED PARK

C. H. Bellor ... $ 4
W. H. Mory ... 50
W. Hoffman ... 6
Smith ... 50
Thomas Jones ... 50
Mrs. Murra ... 60
Police ... 10

ORDINANCES

To amend license ordinance with regard to [illegible] numbers, etc read first time and referred to the city attorney

To transfer certain balances out of the general fund created by ordinance No 463 to the general fund passed

Making appropriations for deficiencies in the appropriations for 1884 passed

VOTE OF THANKS.

The following was submitted by Laing and adopted by a unanimous vote

WHEREAS, The term of office of J. T. Wood ard as city recorder having expired he retires from official association with the municipal officers of the city; and

WHEREAS, For more than two years he has discharged the difficult and responsible duties appertaining to such office with ability, faithfulness and zeal and in a manner so courteous and obliging as to endear himself to his official associates therefore, be it

Resolved That a vote of thanks be and the same is hereby tendered him by the common council of the city of East Portland, as an acknowledgment of their esteem and high appreciation of his character and services

RESOLUTIONS, ETC.

By Grover—That the city surveyor be instructed to make the necessary surveys for the extension and opening of Seventh street from the south line of G street to the north line of Stephens street, mark the boundaries thereof and make his report thereon to council, together with a plan of the survey and of the portion of each lot or part thereof required to be appropriated Referred to the committee on streets

By Smith—That the mayor and recorder be instructed to execute the deed of the city to the [illegible] lot on Second street, corner of Salmon street, conveying the same subject to the payment of the city's proportion of the cost of improving Second street, and the payment of 10 per cent. Lands on table until next meeting

By Sands—That the city attorney be directed to draft a supplementary ordinance for the improvement of G street, between Water and Second streets Carried

By Smith, Directing the recorder to issue warrants to the city marshal for the collection of delinquent street assessments against lots 3 and 6 block 46, on G street Carried, his bond being fixed at

By Laing, That Henry Simmons be appointed as keeper without pay of the stallions at the flower depot Carried and recorder instructed to administer oath of office Adjourned

The Dead Alive.

Medical Journal

If most people are afraid of anything it is of being buried alive That cases do happen that it is very difficult for the experienced physician to determine whether a person is really dead or apparently dead without resorting to means which would at once settle the dispute, would be a matter of still more fearful jeopardy, may be judged from the fact that the French academy some ten or fifteen years ago, offered a prize of 10,000 francs for the discovery of some means by which even the physician could at once determine whether in a given case death has ensued or not A physician obtaining the prize. He had discovered that the following well known phenomenon exists If the hand of the suspected person is held to warm the candle or other artificial light, with the fingers stretched, and the hand in the other direction looks through the spaces between the fingers toward the light, there appears a purplish red color where the fingers touch each other due to the still circulating fluid blood, as it shows itself through the transparent, not yet congealed tissues, but when life is extinct the phenomenon at once ceases. The most extensive and thorough trials established the truth of this observation, and the prize was awarded to its discoverer

When electricity or rather its application in medicine came in vogue it was first the glad thought would in many cases of chilling which a person was dead not This assumption was based upon the fact of electro-muscular irritation But experience soon proved that from one to three hours after death had taken place and in some cases where rigidity had slowly ensued for a still longer period, the muscles of the dead individual responded well to the electric stimulus as those of the living body

Dr Max Buch now publishes a modification of the above, and what promises to be a reliable and scientific proof of death, for this far most scientific test existed

While in the living the temperature of the surface over a muscle in the act of or immediately after contraction decidedly increases, this increase is utterly wanting in the dead, and even during the time (one-half to three hours) in which after death the muscle still retains its excitability Having placed, therefore, a surface thermometer on the skin and having waited until the temperature has continued at one and the same height for about five minutes, the muscle but [illegible] with bulb of the thermometer is made to contract by electric irritation If then the column of mercury does not rapidly ascend we have the most definite proof that life is extinct in the body while the temperature increasing it is just as certain that there is still life Under normal conditions the skin for a considerable distance increases by several degrees in temperature if in the muscle below it is caused a power ful electrical contraction and this phenomenon is unobserved in paralyzed limbs while in the dead serves the production of such an induced contraction, has forever ceased

After the Play

[illegible]

Miss B—Did you want of the theatre to-night?

Miss C—Yes, the hotel clerk is mine

Are any noted actresses in the company?

"Health, I didn't notice

"Strange What was the play?

"The play was left in the seat I took after I got to look at the programme"

"You don't know what the play was?"

"No You see, I was with a theater party"

NEW YORK LETTER.

A Juvenile Actress Anxious to Paint the Town Red

Across S Hewitt a Little Brown Jug A Noted Clerk Lawyer—A Newspaper Scene The Love of Betting among Women

Broadway is never without curiosities for the curious A walk of a mile in that cosmopolitan thoroughfare is sure to bring its rewards to any body who likes to see odd things A book in miniature has for a week been one of the exhibits She was but 5 years old and small for her age She had a child dish face, innocent in its expression, and quaint by reason of the mature millinery and hard dressing which framed it according to the latest fashions for adults Her garments, too, were suitable to a figure much longer in its measure by both inches and durance than her own People gazed at her in perplexity, and usually concluded that she was a dwarfish woman However, I made no error in instantly identifying her as a child No faces on the stage so fix themselves in my memory of pastimes, be music pity and foreboding aroused in me at sight of them and I recognized this audacious youngster as Margaret Fetter whom I had seen acting at Daly's, Wallack's and the Madison Square She was a prodigy and she proved apt in acquiring the views as well as the graces of theatrical life behind the scenes "What are you doing?" an agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children asked her, "Oh I'm painting the town red," she possessor replied The dreadful fact was that she had broken away from all control, and was spending the wages of her last engagement quite riotously She is not going to a reformatory

HEWITT'S LITTLE THROW IN

Various, indeed, are our methods in that pursuit of happiness which the constitution professes to guarantee Congressman Abram S. Hewitt, son-in-law of the late Peter Cooper, wealthy iron maker energetic politician, was seen in Broadway with an earthen jug under his arm I look like the sort of an article in which pickled ginger root is imported from China I hear you whisper with figures of biz on it, and common enough in seeming quality Hewitt was imbued with considerable elasticity of person and manner, with no trace of frivolity in either I'm glad to see that you're not too proud to carry home your own groceries when you take the notion," said a friend who fell in with him "Groceries" Hewitt exclaimed, "do you think this is a ginger for Bless you, I just paid $.30 for that thing, without condensation all It is good for three gallons of the choicest of perfumes, and owns a collection of which my specimens are valued at $1000 each I am in his hobby in an innocent

SOME SUBMARINE EXPERIENCES.

There is one pretty good lawyer in New York He is great that is to say in devising schemes for getting into the papers. If most of them fail it is not their fault nor his He entered my editorial room and most modestly whisper d as follows "I am retained on the most remarkable recovery record in the annals of litigation Nothing like it ever happened before or will ever happen again I am averse to publicity, and don't like to see my name in the papers but I have a sincere regard for your paper unfairly, and because I think the matter ought to be given to the world There fore I come over my delicate professional qualms and relate the particulars even There was in Brooklyn a rich widow who read a matrimonial advertisement, in which a man of Savannah represented himself as if to be a seeker for a spouse She answered, and a short sharp correspondence ensued Photographs were exchanged That of the man showed a face quite remarkable for its beauty of features, and, as he said he was six feet in height, weighed two hundred pounds and was as straight as an arrow, the widow had no reason to doubt that he was a very Apollo He forwarded certificates of good character, he wrote in a glowing, intelligent manner, and he confessed with great frankness that he was poor Well, the widow accepted him straight from sea," as the boys say when they trade knives blandly Not only were their troths plighted without meeting, but they were also married apart. The wedding was held with the parties separated by hundreds of miles of telegraph wire at either end of which stood the lovers while the words of the ceremony were flashed by electricity Now that was legitimate in the eyes of the law, for as the use of the telegraph was conferred But there was fraud which, as I shall maintain for the sake of that widow vitiates the contract. When the alleged husband presented himself at her residence in Brooklyn, she saw to her horror and dismay that he was a negro He declares were the most incarnation coal of which the photograph, but his color was a dark orange She is suing to legally declared unmarried—and you might mention, in writing out the matter, that I am retained on her behalf, because she feared it essential to employ the very best talent in such an affair Of course the story does, the editor blandly responded "Good morning" You will not doubt my ability to censure that editor for suppressing the case when I tell you that I [illegible] constituted a newspaper reporter Seeing an advertisement which said that reporters were wanted in every town and city in the land, I wrote for particulars to the address given which was Columbus, O and in return got a strictly confidential circular which informed me that I could become a reporter for a named periodical, that there was no New York or world in my exclusive territory and that the duties consisted in sending a "brief report of the crops and country of a short article, not oftener than once a month I was not kept in suspense while inquiries as to my fitness for the dread responsibility were made My appointment and credentials were enclosed There was a neatly beveled card with printing on it in red ink writing in black and a formidable seal in blue It said that the bearer was the duly authorized reporter of that paper in New York and vicinity and that "any favors shown him will be appreciated" It was [illegible] every body that his coming by particulars in the signature of the managing editor and the seal on the back If I knew many beautifully penned It was altogether a thing of striking beauty The circular told me that I would find this card "of considerable value" There was another point on which the reckless appointee of reporters insisted He coupled the intellectual pursuit of reporting with the necessary one of getting subscriptions for his journal In commission and the horrid suspicion crept into my mind that my services in the former capacity would not be appreciated unless they were but naively associated with the latter Indeed, the circular wound up with the black-lettered words "We shall expect to hear from you soon with some subscriptions and a report"

BETTING AT THE RACES

The love of taking he chances is strong in the breast of the New Yorker, be that bosom covered by a masculine coat or the corsage of femininity There is a strange law positively forbidding all bets on horse races or anything else, but on the Jerome Park race course the other day I saw an instance of [illegible] time—three some, gray-haired old man in full uniform—acting as arbiter in a dispute over a wager A negro had picked up the ties, which represented five dollars risked on the horse which turned out to be the winner, but when he presented it to get the twenty five he did it won, he was climbed by the loser of it, who dragged him out to show him to the crowd as a thief The commotion brought the police to the spot, and Inspector Dilks was appealed to by the darkey for protection The official decision was that he might be displayed as a culprit. Leonard Jerome, the millionaire after whom the park is named, was there on the occasion [illegible] as we're breaking the Sabbath by betting, was cited, he said, in talking about the betting as a form of the race, and if we didn't there would not be any racing at all. Ladies, gentlemen, gamblers, blacklegs almost everybody who comes here—derive pleasure from the contests, as a rule, solely by betting on them Abolish the gambling and you abolish horse racing" Adjoining the grand stand is a space as flooring with a canvas roof hanging over it Around the outer edges of this space are forty-seven small rail platforms. Each displays on a neat signboard the name of a person or firm engaged in the business of book-making, which is the system of betting which the authorities have agreed to tolerate for this neighborhood on race track only The clients of every exposure is singularly like the rest, and rooms of two or three clerks who take names, issue some of it out again, and receive from the tickets. On a little progressive of the first match is the "shouter" He is usually [illegible] the concern, unless this makes a business to be uncommon, in which case a proper [illegible] is set forth It is essential that the ticket shall not look like a thief, for if he does the betting man will pass the [illegible] by Every sane person with whom to leave taken notice At the side of a small blackboard on which he writes, and from time to time alters the terms upon which he is willing to bet against every horse in the race He has a long voice and a gift in crying his offers

The forty-seven "shouters" make a rare meadow during the same number of such sales going on at once and he excited movement of the crowd which these operations compel is a scene of novel [illegible] There is a rush to the enclosure instantly after each race, and in spite of the officers of running cards form in line at [illegible] various pay [illegible] It is said that as much as a hundred thousand dollars is often [illegible] the aggregate on a single race The persons waiting in a line are curiously mixed. At the head of one which I looked at was a negro's able to put about over the winning of two dollars bet by him was Pierre Lorillard, Jr., a scion of New York society The rags of the one rubbed the broadcloth of the other The third was a uniformed messenger, such as are employed to carry tickets and money between the book markers and the [illegible] and stand and there is no impropriety in telling that he was to collect fifty dollar bonds I hate to mention the actress since she is no privacy of it Do decorous you men but op nds on me she New Yorker Her's do indeed and fravell y of [illegible] are to be set essential to the keen enjoyment of the gambling, though a certain degree of giddiness helps the congruity A grim-visaged, spectacled old man reading of the race-card as of a prayer-book and as precise with the messenger as though satisfactorily matching a sample of silk in a dry-goods store was one of the figures that commanded my attention She permitted her race to be run without the risk of a few dollars on it

THE GERMAN NAVY

The Tremendous Power of Torpedo Boats and Torpedoes

[illegible]

Considering the keen interest felt at present in naval matters, the following account of torpedo boats and torpedo shooting in the german navy may interest man of your readers It is from the *Cosmos Zeitung* In no previous year have the experiments with torpedo boats and in torpedo shooting assumed such dimensions in the German navy as in the late manoeuvers Not only were all the ironclads provided with torpedo shooting apparatus but a special torpedo boat division was formed which fired the squadron at the end of July, another experimental division being added after the landing of the new torpedo boats. This gave experience of unheard of fabulous proportions of the value of the submarine weapon for the protection of the german coast. The idea of putting one or two torpedo boats on board every large ironclad seems to have been abandoned It was found preferable to make these boats larger and more seaworthy and to attach them to the ironclad squadron as [illegible] appendix In distant expeditions, in which torpedo boats could not be dispensed with the boats would have to be sent on special transport ships This was a manoeuvers in the command of a small [illegible]

COLOSSAL TORPEDO BOAT

In a single blow from a torpedo fired on the [illegible] at night and with the vigilance of ships's staff in reach of a hostile coast pretty sure to [illegible] with torpedo boats, especially if at anchor Even in motion the blockading ships will not be safe for the torpedo boats can follow them, and will recognize their various by the lights which the enemy, if he sail in squadron, will not be able to dispense with A stricken ship even if water-tight compartments becomes *hors de combat* for she becomes motionless No straightening of her armor as Admiral Symonds recommends in the English, nor can blinds thrown as far as one can see it prevent, there are no means of securing even the mightiest battle ships which modern science has built against the annihilative effect of submarine by torpedo boats. Watch boats have been tried surrounding the ships at a distance of 400 meters, but experience has shown that even on moonlight nights, and the crews from their sleep, they do not [illegible] to secure the threatened ship Just as little has it been found effective to draw a submarine guard of wire nets, round resting ships yielded practically useful results, while this fence will always entail the disadvantage that if the ships are attacked they cannot move, and are course unenthusiastic

RENDERED ALMOST DEFENCELESS

The boats themselves are difficult to hit, and have in torpedo shooting by day an advantage over ships that it is easy to give them the direction which they must have if the torpedo is to hit They can be used with effect, how ever, only when they can surprise the enemy under favor of night or fog or powder smoke, or by darting out from a hidden place on the coast. As to the torpedo itself experiments with different kinds have clearly proved that the German navy does possess [illegible]

THE MOST DEATH DEALING TORPEDOES

The German navy uses a torpedo invented by a captain of the Austrian navy The secret of the invention was bought by the German admiralty for 180 000 marks (45,000) and then the further perfecting of the weapon was taken in hand by the navy itself It is now attained singular perfection, and is one of the wonders of modern times For non-experts it is always a puzzle how the fish torpedo can be steered under water Being a kind of under lap, able to move both forward and vertically its steering apparatus is duplex The apparatus which keeps its course horizontal is not, no one can, and does not differ in principle from the [illegible] The mechanism, on the other hand, which keeps it at the desired depth, is automatic In the details of its construction lie the importance and the main secret of the German torpedo

An Island of Pretty Women

Boston Times

The Channel islands, and particularly Jersey, possess much of interest to the stranger, but the crowning glory of Jersey is the beauty of her women For general comeliness they would readily be awarded a prize in any competition of feminine grace Rare, cream-pink complexions that would put the bloom of the peach to blush, figures made gracefully and sinewy by [illegible] toil, with ruthe strongly cut features eyes like sloes and lustrous dark hair, the girls met on the streets of St Helier's seem to the transgarite personification of womanly independence, beauty and maidenly reserve. The soft white mists that wrap the island every night from sundown to sunrise gives them carnation cheeks The toil that it begs with it the active, healthy body, as true to form which will plant on the side of these women the stigma of true manhood It is because of the woeful dearth of men in Jersey that the women do all the work Where you meet one man in those tortuous streets of St Helier's you meet ten women Out among the green farms this disproportion of the sexes is even more painfully apparent. The heavy unsightly carts of the country roads are, almost without exception, driven by women, and handsome women, too groups of the richest girls may be seen in wayside orchards, [illegible] apples from the trees, others straining at the rude cider presses. The little fields, with their luxurious growth of turnips, cabbages and rutabagas, all are tended by women, while the blooming flowers in the house-yard show in their rich variety the evidence of a woman's care and attention Somebody manages to be seen in the big public market of St Helier's—women buying and women selling. What man you see are with a few young or too old and decrepit boys who have not started out in life, or old sea captains who have come home to end their days, smelling of fish and full of reminiscences of stormy voyages to Buenos Ayres, to Australia, or through the Chinese seas

Red Cloud a Speech

St Paul (Minn.) Pioneer, October

Red Cloud, the well-known Sioux chief, visited the government school for Indians at Carlisle, Pa., and addressed the scholars in his own language A prize of three dollars was offered for the best translation of this speech We give a portion of the successful report, made by Luther Standing Bear

"You see in like my great brethren and now I want pass through the shops and see what you can be done. I saw the shoemaker, harness-maker, tailor, carpenter, tinner, blacksmiths, and they all doing well Here you see I want a locks which is you make it. I was sorry [illegible] the blacksmith doing very good Also the girls can washing clothes and sewing Also I want pass through the schoolrooms and I saw some of you can write very fast, and read and was glad. Now, this is the thing what we send you here for, to learn white men's way There is two roads, one is good and one is what we call devil road Another thing is, you know, if we do nothing just go hand on his back and he do same, so any time not come to pay his pocket itself so you must put into something with your hands Now you must not be nervous, and but you must try to be good and happier"

Excerpts from Emerson

Skepticism is valuable for its cause and effect The way around the last word is to create the right word When talk gets [illegible] something fortunate Work is life Try Make our wish or act sublime, we must make it real The genius of life is friendly to the noble, and in the dark rings them friends from far If ever there was a good man, certain there was another, and will be more How it comes to us in silent hours that truth is our only strength in the [illegible] sages of life and death

EAST PORTLAND FINANCES

Quarterly Report of the City Treasurer and Annual Report of the Auditor and Clerk

The following reports were read at the [illegible] meeting of the East Portland council last evening

CITY TREASURER'S REPORT

To the Common Council [illegible]

GENTLEMEN—I herewith submit my report as treasurer for the quarter ending Oct 31 1884

GENERAL FUND RECEIPTS

Balance on hand May 1 ... $ 4 00
Poll tax collected ... 80
Delinquent taxes collected ... 1 20
Fines ... 1 00
... $ 8 10

INTEREST FUND

Warrants paid ... $ 6 00
Balance on hand ... 2 10
... $ 8 10

STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND RECEIPTS

Balance on hand August 1 ... $ 10
Assessments collected ... 800 1
... $ 800 10

PAYMENTS

Warrants paid ... $ 800 10

Balance on hand ... $ 5

The foregoing report is submitted by Thomas Welch Auditor and Clerk

ANNUAL REPORT OF AUDITOR AND CLERK

To the Common Council of the City of East Portland

GENTLEMEN—I herewith submit my report as auditor and clerk for the fiscal year ending April 30 1884

GENERAL FUND CREDITS

Balance on hand ... $ 1 10
Poll tax collected ... 1 00
Delinquent taxes collected ... 1 00
Fines ... 1 00
... $ 4 10

Warrants paid ... $ 4 10

Balance on hand ... $ 4 10

INTEREST FUND

Warrants paid ... $ 4 10

Balance on hand ... $ 4 10

STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND RECEIPTS

Balance on hand ... $ 1 10
Assessments collected ... 1 00
... $ 1 10

WARRANTS

Warrants paid ... $ 1 10

Balance on hand ... $ 1 10

The foregoing report is submitted by Thomas Welch Auditor and Clerk

A MAN FRIDAY UNDER

The Witness of the Crime Reveals It after Fifty Years

[illegible]

Twenty-four thousand pounds in gold, of which [illegible] was soon the head came to Penzance in September, 1858, to arrange terms among local tin smelters He left Penzance one evening to visit a friend in St. Just, which is about six miles from Penzance Of the way there, the lonely part of the road, he met two men, whom he heard one say "Tis he" "No, 'tis no" They again faced each other, when the two men said they had taken him for another person Almost immediately a man approached from the direction of St. Just and his manner and air drew attention to himself as a man who was in an urgent hurry. The man was in the agent in disguise, as [illegible] and was [illegible] He had only proceeded about a couple of hundred yards when he was seized with [illegible] His legs refused to support him and he fell in the middle of the road. He thought it better not to stir there, and so pulled [illegible] and across the road, screened by a small bank, and found himself upon a common He dragged himself to the other side and [illegible] himself in [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]